

## Strictly Cash Market

Every Day is  
Marigold Day

Try the New Nut Marigold Product

Spread it on your bread,  
gems, muffins, etc., and  
use it in your cooking.

A WONDERFUL COCOANUT AND VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCT

BUSINESS HOURS—8:00 a. m. to 5:00 p. m.  
Saturdays 8:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m.

F. H. MILKS Phone No. 2

## FACE the FACTS

LET us face the facts. The war situation is critical. Unless the Allies fight as they never yet have fought, defeat threatens. Hungry men cannot fight at their best; nor hungry nations. France, England, and Italy are going hungry unless we feed them.

**Wheat Savings**—They must have wheat. It is the best food to fight on. It is the easiest to ship. We alone can spare it to them. By saving just a little—less than a quarter of what we ate last year—we can support those who are fighting our battles. And we can do it without stinting ourselves. We have only to substitute another food just as good.

**The Corn of Plenty**—Corn is that food. There's a surplus of it. Providence has been generous in the hour of our need. It has given us corn in such bounty as was never known before. Tons of corn. Trainloads of corn. Five hundred million bushels over and above our regular needs. All we have to do is to learn to appreciate it. Was ever patriotic duty made so easy? And so clear?

**America's Own Food**—Corn! It is the true American food. The Indians, hardest of races, lived on it. Our forefathers adopted the diet and conquered a continent. For a great section of our country it has long been the staff of life. How well the South fought on it, history tells. Now it can help America win a world war.

**Learn Something**—Corn! It isn't one food. It's a dozen. It's a cereal. It's a vegetable. It's a bread. It's a dessert. It's nutritious; more food value in it, dollar for dollar, than meat or eggs or most other vegetables. It's good to eat; how good you don't know until you've had corn-bread properly cooked. Best of all, it's plentiful and it's patriotic.

**Corn's Infinite Variety**—How much do you know about corn? About how good it is? About the many delicious ways of cooking it? And what you miss by not knowing more about it? Here are a few of its uses:

There are at least fifty ways to use corn meal to make good dishes for dinner, supper, lunch or breakfast. Here are some suggestions:

## HOT BREADS

Boston brown bread.  
Hocake.  
Muffins.  
Biscuits.  
Griddle cakes.  
Waffles.

## DESSERTS

Corn-meal molasses cake.  
Apple corn bread.  
Dumplings.  
Gingerbread.  
Fruit gems.

## HEARTY DISHES

Corn-meal croquettes. Corn-meal fish balls.  
Meat and corn-meal dumplings.

Italian polenta.

Tamales.

The recipes are in Farmers' Bulletin 565, "Corn Meal as a Food and Ways of Using It," free from the Department of Agriculture.

## War Can't Stop Us

It makes no difference in our appetites for good eats. But the question of the hour is, "where to get good, satisfying eats at medium prices."

## We Have the Answer

It is plainly in evidence in every part of our store. It consists of

Fresh Groceries Clean Groceries  
Pure Groceries Very Moderate Prices

And the smiles of many satisfied customers is the best of proof that we make good on every claim.

H. Petersen, GROCER

Phone No. 25

Open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays 8 to 8

GRAYLING OBEYS  
FUEL DICTATORS

GRAYLING MERCHANTS OBTAINING CLOSING LAW.

Stores and Other Business Places Open 9 Hours.

Compliance with the order for closing business places except for nine hours a day, and 12 hours Saturday, has been complied with in Grayling.

## Board of Trade Banquet Jan. 31.

The newly elected officers of the Grayling board of trade announce that their first regular monthly banquet will be held Thursday evening, January 31st, at seven o'clock, at Shoppenagon's Inn.

The following cordial invitation was sent to the members and a few friends: January 21, 1918.

To members of Grayling Board of Trade:—

The first of a series of monthly banquets will be held at Shoppenagon's

Copy of Letter Received From the  
United States Food Administration  
Jan. 17, 1918.

Mr. T. W. HANSON,  
County Food Administrator,  
Grayling, Michigan.

Dear Mr. Hanson:

You are advised that the United States Food Administration has now decreed that, in addition to the meatless Tuesday, there shall be a porkless Saturday, on which day no pork in any form is to be served.

The Administration has farther decreed that on other days than Tuesday, there shall be at least one meatless meal.

You shall give this matter all the publicity possible in newspapers and otherwise. We are sending this new ruling to all hotels and restaurants.

Yours faithfully,  
GEO. A. PRESCOTT,  
Federal Food Administrator.

in a most loyal manner.

Last Thursday Mayor T. Hanson called a mass meeting for that evening, to be held in the court house. Practically every business and professional place in the city was represented at the meeting. Mayor Hanson gave an outline of the orders such as had come to his notice thru the newspapers.

The matter was pretty thoroughly discussed and the outcome was that a resolution was passed unanimously that the orders of the national and state fuel administrators be complied with. The proprietors of the various kinds of business get together and selected opening hours that would all be the same. These hours were posted in the stores the following day so that the public might do their purchasing during business hours.

Following are the hours adopted by the several merchants of this city:

Dry Goods, Clothing, and Shoes—Selling Hanson Co., Grayling Mercantile Co., Emil Kraus, Frank Dreese, Max Landsberg, J. O. Goudrow, 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Saturdays 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Saloons—John Larson, James Foreman, Joseph Burton, 1 to 10 p. m.; Saturdays 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.  
Druggists—A. M. Lewis, Central Drug Store, 12 m. to 9 p. m.; Saturdays 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.; Sundays 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Groceries—Selling Hanson Co., H. Petersen, Thos. Cassidy, Harry Simpson, R. D. Connine, A. Trudeau, Marshall Atkinson, (South side) 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Jewelry, Furniture and Chinaware—C. J. Hathaway, Andrew Peterson, and Sorenson Bros., 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.; Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Hardware—Selling Hanson Co., L. J. Kraus, and F. R. Deckrow, 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.  
Barber Shops—Geo. McCullough, Walter Cowell, and Glen C. Penard, 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Saturdays, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Cigar Store and Billiard parlors—Olaf Sorenson & Sons, Thos. Cassidy, and Earnest Richards, 12 m. to 9 p. m.; Saturdays, 11 a. m. to 11 p. m.  
Moose Club—1 to 10 p. m.; Saturdays, 11 a. m. to 11 p. m.

Holiday's Bazaar, 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.  
Meat Markets—F. H. Milks, Game & Burrows, 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Shoe repair shops—E. J. Olson, 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Saturdays 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. C. O. McCullough, 9 to 11 a. m., 12 to 5 p. m., and 6 to 7 p. m.

## Frederic Stores Open 9 Hours.

Supervisor Chas. Craven called a meeting of the business men of Grayling for the purpose of deciding on the opening and closing of business places in that village according to the Federal law, now in force. Every business place was represented and

Inn, Thursday evening, January 31st, 1918, at promptly seven o'clock.

Let's make this a "Good Fellowship" banquet; get out and learn just who the members are and what they are doing—get better acquainted. We want a big, jolly crowd that night and a good feed—sure, smoker too. Are you on?

Stop the first member you see with banquet tickets and plank down your iron dollar—got to know by January 28 all who are coming so that "Mine Host" Fink may save a place for you at the table, and have plenty of "providence" to put under your belt.

This is sure going to be a big joy time, and be sure and come least you make someone unhappy by your absence. Don't forget to get your banquet ticket on time. They are for sale by the following members: R. H. Gillett, T. P. Peterson, Harry Simpson, Emil Giegling, A. M. Lewis, A. C. Olson and C. J. Hathaway.  
HARRY SIMPSON, President.  
EMIL GIEGLING, Secretary.

## Ye Little Cigarette.

Oh, you little imitation Of a good full grown cigar, Small, but worth a million To me just as you are. No matter if you're Velvet, Prince Albert or old Rex Or composed of old Bull Durham Or homemade of a Mex Wouldn't care if you were Camel, Fatima or Pail Mail. Even Nebo's would be better Than no cigarette at all. I've smoked 'em of Old Colony, And sometimes made of Stag, I've rolled 'em with Duke's Mixture From a little maslin bag. Used 'em made of Mail Pouch, Growler, sometimes Old Crop, too, I've even made a pill at times Of tobacco made to chew; Often tried old Murads, London Life and Turkey Red. Even cornsilk (father caught me) Just out behind the shed; I've puffed away at Hassans, Also Naturals until I smoked one made of Lucky Strike, Then one of Bunker Hill. I've named a few and could go on With half a hundred more, So now I'm going to tell you What I should have said before. Makes no difference what they're made of, I smoke 'em just the same; When I take a puff of a cigarette I never spot its name. Oh, ye little cigarette, If you were made of tar I'd surely give more for you Than any old cigar.

the following hours were decided upon.  
Stores from 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Saturdays, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.  
Saloons from 10:30 a. m. to 7:30 p. m.; Saturdays, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.  
Barber Shop from 10:30 a. m. to 7:30 p. m.; Saturdays, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.  
Restaurants, 5:30 to 8:30 a. m.—11 a. m. to 2 p. m.—5 to 8 p. m.; Saturdays, 5:30 to 8:30 a. m.—11 a. m. to 2 p. m.—5 to 10 p. m.

Round Oak heating stoves and Round Oak Chief ranges. M-I-t-F. R. Deckrow.

## SOLDIERS NEED ENTERTAINMENT.

Campaign for "Smileage" Books Will Begin Jan. 28.

A "Smileage" campaign for the purpose of having the "folks at home" purchase theatre tickets to present the boys in military cantonments, is about to be launched in every county in the whole United States.

The tickets are assembled in books which are called "Smileage" books. Each book contains coupons entitling the holder to admission and seat ticket at Liberty theatres, Liberty tents, and auditoriums under the management of the Commission on training camp activities in national army cantonments and National guard camps.

They are issued by the Military entertainment council of the commission on training camp activities, Washington, D. C.

Smileage books are of two kinds: The first costs \$1; the second \$5.

The \$1 smileage book contains 20 coupons; the \$5 book contains 100 coupons.

They are good in all Liberty entertainments in all national army cantonments and national guard camps under the management of the commission on training camp activities.

There is space for an inscription to soldiers by name, but this is not necessary.

One permanent theatre, seating 3,000, has been built in each national army cantonment. Two chautauqua tents, seating 1,800 each, have been erected in each national guard camp.

Civilians are allowed in these entertainments only when accompanied by a soldier friend with Smileage coupons.

The goal for the drive of the week of January 28th has been set at 1,000,000 Smileage books, but if a million dollars' worth of smiles are good for our soldier boys, why won't two million dollars' worth be much better?

SEND THEM BY MAIL.

Let the next letter you send to any camp contain a \$1 or \$5 book; think of the laughter in those coupons. And, of course, if you have a boy, son, brother, sweetheart or husband of your own in camp, you will see that he gets one.

The authority for this campaign is that of the United States Government. The accounts are audited by men from the War department.

C. J. Hathaway is director of the local county committee and council and he will be assisted in this work by a committee of twelve, as follows:

Emil Giegling  
Christ Olson  
Harry Simpson  
Holger Peterson  
C. C. Fink  
Miss Isabel Case  
Miss Margrethe Hemmingson  
Mrs. T. W. Hanson  
Mrs. J. E. Crowley  
Mrs. L. J. Kraus  
Frederic Otto Heber  
Lovells—Ray Owaga

Each of the above members are directed to appoint a sub-committee of about ten persons, reserving themselves as chairmen of their respective committees. In this manner it is hoped that the work in the county may be thorough and systematic. As in all former endeavors we have no doubt but that Crawford county will contribute her quota of \$200,000 without much trouble. Everybody buy at least one "Smileage" book and mail it to someone you know in the service.

## Emil Kraus

The Best in Dry  
Goods, Shoes and  
Wearing Apparel

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods  
and Clothing Store

## Basket Ball

Grayling High School  
vs.  
Bay City Western

Saturday Night at School Gymnasium. Admission 15 and 25c.

## War Preparedness Board.

Lansing, Michigan, January 24.—One million American soldiers and sailors are preparing to go over the top without taking care of their families. If they are killed or rendered helpless by wounds, their dependents must rely upon charity for daily bread.

The last day on which men in Federal service can take out the insurance that the Government provides is Tuesday, February 12. After that, applications are refused.

The Michigan War Preparedness Board estimates that there are fully 10,000 Michigan men with the colors who have been negligent in this respect. In a statement issued today the Board urges wives, mothers and children to write or even wire their relatives in the service to take out an insurance policy before it is too late.

Premiums may be paid out of the man's wages monthly. The average cost is only 70 cents per \$1,000 per month. Policies are written from \$1,000 to \$10,000. In case of death or injury, policies are paid in monthly installments for twenty years.

"If your husband, father or son has not insured himself in your favor, urge him to do so says the Board.

"If he does not do so, you may face starvation because of his carelessness. Should he come home a helpless cripple and he is not insured, you must support yourself and him, too.

"Don't let false pride keep you silent. Remind him he has not done his duty."

## SAGINAW-GRAYLING TRUNK LINE.

Gladwin County Route Shortest and Can be Built for Less Money.

The last number of the Michigan Good Roads, published in Detroit, contains prominent mention of "the most direct and shortest line from Saginaw to Grayling" through Gladwin county, as recently outlined in the Record, republishing the assertion of Editor Canfield of the Clare Courier that the cost of maintaining this route will be much heavier than that traversing the ridge on the range of high land from Gratiot north, owing to bridges required. When it is considered the Gratiot-Clare route is 19 miles longer, with many high hills to grade, the cost of the bridges on the Gladwin route will be very much less. In fact, good bridges have already been built at Beaverton, where the most costly bridges are required on the Gladwin route they will be on headwaters and not be worth mentioning compared to grading 19 miles of road, the extra distance. Much of the road on the proposed trunk line in Gladwin county is also in good shape for further improvement.

Supervisor Roy McKibbin is keeping close tab on developments favorable to the Gladwin route, and finds encouragement in the prospects for a military road which is being promoted to the straits, thence to the Sault.—Gladwin Record.

## The Heart is Very Busy.

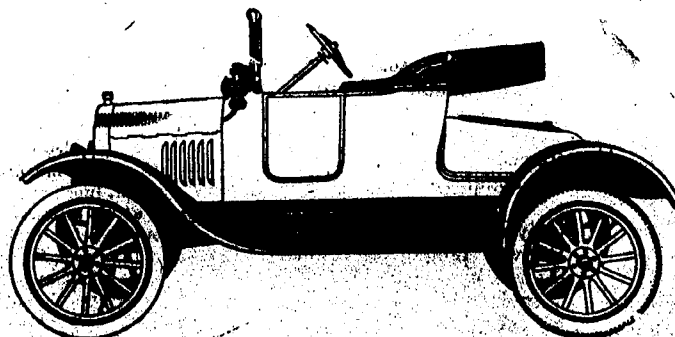
Your heart is a very busy organ. While you breathe once, it beats four times, says Popular Science Monthly. At each beat it sends four pounds of blood through your veins and arteries. The weight of the circulating blood is 29 pounds. When you run, your legs and the other parts of your body need more blood, so your heart must pump faster.

**Ford**  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

When you buy a Ford car you buy an established quantity, a proven quality—a motor car that is giving satisfaction in practically every form of service under every condition where an automobile can be used. A car that may be depended on in every circumstance. No one will dispute this fact. Then why not place your order for a Ford at once?

Runabout, 345; Touring Car, \$360; Coupe, \$560; Town Car, \$595; Sedan, \$645; One-Ton Truck Chassis, \$600. These prices f. o. b. Detroit.

GEORGE BURKE, Grayling, Michigan.









# PEACE PROGRAM IS ANNOUNCED BY PRESIDENT

Justice to All, No Conquest, Wilson Declares in Address to Congress.

## 14 DEMANDS BY AMERICA

Reparation to France for Taking Alsace; Free Poland and Autonomous States in Austria-Hungary—Evacuation of All Russian Territory—Belgium Must Be Freed.

Washington, Jan. 9.—President Wilson yesterday, addressing congress, delivered a restatement of war aims in agreement with the recent declaration by the British premier, David Lloyd George.

The president spoke as follows: "Gentlemen of the Congress: Once more, as repeatedly before, the spokesmen of the central empires have indicated their desire to discuss the objects of the war and the possible basis of a general peace.

"Parleys have been in progress at Brest-Litovsk between representatives of the central powers to which the attention of all the belligerents has been invited, for the purpose of ascertaining whether it may be possible to extend these parleys into a general conference with regard to terms of peace and settlement.

**Presented Definite Statement.** "The Russian representatives presented not only a perfectly definite statement of the principles upon which they would be willing to conclude peace, but also an equally definite program of the concrete application of those principles.

"The representatives of the central powers, on their part, presented an outline of settlement which, if much less definite, seemed susceptible of liberal interpretation until their specific program of practical terms was added.

"The program proposed no concessions at all, either to sovereignty of Russia or to the preferences of the population with whose fortunes it dealt, but meant, in a word, that the central empires were to keep every foot of territory their armed forces had occupied—every province, every city, every point of vantage—as a permanent addition to their territories and their power. It is a reasonable conjecture that the general principles of settlement which they at first suggested originated with the more liberal statesmen of Germany and Austria, the men who have begun to feel the force of their own people's thought and purpose, while the concrete terms of actual settlement came from the military leaders, who have no thought but to keep what they have got. The negotiations have been broken off.

**Full of Significance.** "The Russian representatives were sincere and in earnest. They cannot entertain such proposals of conquest and domination.

"The whole incident is full of significance. It is also full of perplexity. With whom are the Russian representatives dealing? For whom are the representatives of the central empires speaking? Are they speaking for the majorities of their respective parliaments or for the minority parties, that military and imperialistic minority which has so far dominated their policy and controlled the affairs of Turkey and of the Balkan states which have felt obliged to become their associates in this war?

"The Russian representatives have insisted, very justly, very wisely, and in the true spirit of democracy, that the conferences they have been holding with the Teutonic and Turkish statesmen should be held within open, not closed, doors, and all the world has been listening then? To those who speak the spirit and intention of the resolutions of the German reichstag on the 9th of July last, the spirit and intention of the liberal leaders and parties of Germany, or to those who resist and defy that spirit and intention and insist upon conquest and subjugation? Or are we listening in fact to both unreconciled and in open and hopeless contradiction? These are very serious and pregnant questions.

**World Peace at Stake.**

"Upon the answer to them depends the peace of the world.

"But whatever the results of the parleys at Brest-Litovsk, whatever the confusions of counsel and of purpose in the utterances of the spokesmen of the central empires, they have again attempted to acquiesce in the world with their objects and what sort of settlement they would deem just and satisfactory.

"There is no good reason why that challenge should not be responded to and responded to with the utmost candor. We did not wait for it. Not once, but again and again we have laid our whole thought and purpose before the world, not in general terms only, but each time with sufficient definition to make it clear what sort of definitive terms of settlement must necessarily spring out of them.

**DANGER LURKS IN BATHTUB**

Unsafe for Small Children to Take Scrub Without Supervision of Some Older Person.

It is not safe for small children to take their baths without the supervision of some older person. Not at all because the small ones are not to be trusted to get themselves washed in A-1 fashion, says a writer in a home journal, but because there are two dangers in bathing.

With the first of these dangers, the only lack of fearlessness, frankness, the only failure to make definite statement of the objects of the war, lies with Germany and her allies.

"The issues of life and death hang upon these definitions. No statesman who has the least conception of his responsibility ought for a moment to permit himself to continue this tragical and appalling outpouring of blood and treasure unless he is sure beyond a peradventure that the objects of the vital sacrifice are part and parcel of the very life of society and that the people for whom he speaks think them right and imperative as he does.

"There is, moreover, a voice calling for these definitions of principle and purpose which is, it seems to me, more thrilling and more compelling than any of the many moving voices with which the troubled air of the world is filled. It is the voice of the Russian people. They are prostrate and all but helpless, it would seem, before the grim power of Germany, which has hitherto known no relenting and no pity.

**Russ Power Shattered.**

"Their power apparently is shattered, and yet their soul is not subservient. They will not yield either in principle or in action. The conception of what is right, of what is humane and honorable for them to accept, has been stated with a frankness, a largeness of view, a generosity of spirit and a universal human sympathy which must challenge the admiration of every friend of mankind; and they refused to compound their ideals or desert others that they themselves may be safe.

"They call to us to say what it is that we desire, in what, if in anything, our purpose and our spirit differ from theirs; and I believe that the people of the United States would wish me to respond with utter simplicity and frankness.

"Whether their present leaders believe it or not, it is our heartfelt desire and hope that some way may be opened whereby we may be privileged to assist the people of Russia to attain their utmost hope of liberty and ordered peace.

**No Secret Understandings.** "It will be our wish and purpose that the processes of peace, when they are begun, shall be absolutely open and that they shall involve and permit henceforth no secret understandings of any kind. The day of conquest and aggrandizement is gone by; so is also the day of secret covenants entered into in the interest of particular governments and likely at some unlooked-for moment to upset the peace of the world.

"It is this happy fact, now clear to the view of every public man whose thoughts do not still linger in an age that is dead and gone, which makes it possible for every nation whose purposes are consistent with justice and the peace of the world to avow now or at any other time the objects it has in view.

"We entered this war because violations of right had occurred which touched us to the quick and made the life of our own people impossible unless they were corrected and the world secured once for all against their recurrence.

"What we demand in this war, therefore, is nothing peculiar to ourselves. It is that the world be made fit and safe to live in; and particularly that it be made safe for every peace-loving nation which, like our own, wishes to live its own life, determine its own institutions, be assured of justice and fair dealing by the other peoples of the world as against force and selfish aggression. All the peoples of the world are in effect partners in this interest, and for our own part we see very clearly that unless justice be done to others it will not be done to us.

"The program of the world's peace, therefore, is our program, and that program, the only possible program, as we see it, is this:

**Wants Open Covenants.**

1. Open covenants of peace, openly arrived at, after which there shall be no private international understandings of any kind, but diplomacy shall proceed always frankly and in the public view.

2. Absolute freedom of navigation upon the seas, outside territorial waters, alike in peace and in war, except as the seas may be closed in whole or in part by international action for the enforcement of international covenants.

3. The removal, so far as possible, of all economic barriers and the establishment of an equality of trade conditions among all the nations consenting to the peace and associating themselves for its maintenance.

4. Adequate guarantees given and taken that national armaments will be reduced to the lowest point consistent with domestic safety.

5. A free, open-minded and absolutely impartial adjustment of all colonial claims, based upon a strict observance of the principle that in determining all such questions of sovereignty the interests of the populations concerned must have equal weight with the equitable claims of the government whose title is to be determined.

**Must Evacuate Russia.**

6. The evacuation of all Russian territory and such a settlement of all questions affecting Russia as will secure the best and freest co-operation of the other nations of the world in obtaining for her an unhampered and unembarrassed opportunity for the independent determination of her own

political development and national policy and assure her of a sincere welcome into the society of free nations under institutions of her own choosing; and, more than a welcome, assistance also of every kind that she may need and may herself desire. The treatment accorded Russia by her sister nations in the months to come will be the acid test of their good will, of their comprehension of her needs as distinguished from their own interests, and of their intelligent and unselfish sympathy.

7. Belgium, the whole world will agree, must be evacuated and restored, without any attempt to limit the sovereignty which she enjoys in common with all other free nations. No other single act will serve as this will serve to restore confidence among the nations in the laws which they have themselves set and determined for the government of their relations with one another. Without this healing act the whole structure and validity of international law is forever impaired.

**Must Free France.**

8. All French territory should be freed and the invaded portions restored and the wrong done to France by Prussia in 1871 in the matter of Alsace-Lorraine, which has unsettled the peace of the world for nearly fifty years, should be righted in order that peace may once more be made secure in the interest of all.

9. A readjustment of all frontiers of Italy should be effected along clearly recognizable lines of nationality.

10. The peoples of Austria-Hungary, whose place among the nations we wish to see safeguarded and assured, should be accorded the freest opportunity of autonomous development.

**Evacuate Balkans.**

11. Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro should be evacuated; occupied territories restored; Serbia accorded free and secure access to the sea; and the relations of the several Balkan states to one another determined by friendly counsel along historically established lines of allegiance and nationality; and international guarantees of the political and economic independence and territorial integrity of the several Balkan states should be entered into.

12. The Turkish portions of the present Ottoman Empire should be assured a secure sovereignty, but the other nationalities which are now under Turkish rule should be assured an undoubted security of life and an absolutely unmolested opportunity of autonomous development, and the Dardanelles should be permanently opened as a free passage to the ships and commerce of all nations under international guarantees.

13. An independent Polish state should be erected which should include the territories inhabited by indisputable Polish populations, which should be assured a free and secure access to the sea and whose political and economic independence and territorial integrity should be guaranteed by international covenant.

14. A general association of nations must be formed under specific covenants for the purpose of affording mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to great and small states alike.

"In regard to these essential rectifications of wrong and assertions of right we feel ourselves to be intimate partners of all the governments and peoples associated together against the Imperialists. We cannot be separated in interest or divided in purpose. We stand together until the end.

"For such arrangements and covenants we are willing to fight and to continue to fight until they are achieved; but only because we wish the right to prevail and desire a just and stable peace such as can be secured only by removing the chief provocations to war, which this program does remove.

**Not Jealous of Germany.**

"We have no jealousy of German greatness and there is nothing in this program that impairs it. We grudge her no achievement or distinction of learning or of pacific enterprise such as have made her record very bright and very enviable.

"We do not wish to injure her or to block in any way her legitimate influence or power.

"We wish her only to accept a place of equality among the peoples of the world—the new world in which we now live—instead of a place of mastery.

"Neither do we presume to suggest to her any alteration or modification of her institutions. But it is necessary, we must frankly say, and necessary as a preliminary to any intelligent dealings with her on our part, that we should know whom her spokesmen speak for when they speak to us, whether for the reichstag majority or for the military party, and the men whose creed is Imperial domination.

**Fight for Honor.**

"We have spoken now, surely, in terms too concrete to admit of any further doubt or question. An evident principle runs through the whole program I have outlined.

"It is the principle of justice to all peoples and nationalities, and their right to live on equal terms of liberty and safety with one another, whether they be strong or weak. Unless this principle be made its foundation no part of the structure of international justice can stand. The people of the United States could act upon no other principle, and to the vindication of this principle they are ready to devote their lives, their honor and everything that they possess.

"The moral climax of this, the culminating and final war for human liberty has come, and they are ready to put their strength, their own highest purpose, their own integrity and devotion to the test."

**Too Much for Dad.**

"I say, old topper, that's a bright boy you have. How old is he?" "Well, I can't quite make out. You see, he was born on February 20,"

## CRAWFORD AVALANCHE



1—Allied officers on the firing line at Lens, Maj. Prince Amerashov of Siam being the one in the light coat. 2—British howitzers in Flanders that continually hammer the German lines. 3—Camp Mills, Long Island, after being ravaged by a severe wind and snow storm.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

PRESIDENT WILSON'S LUCID STATEMENT OF AMERICA'S WAR AIMS AND PEACE TERMS.

### PUTS THE ONUS ON GERMANY

Bolsheviki Make Peace With Bulgaria and Resume Negotiations at Brest-Litovsk—Snow Stops Teutons in Italy—Secretary Baker's Elaborate Defense.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

President Wilson's statement of the war aims of America, following and almost identical with that of Premier Lloyd George, placed flatly before the people of the central powers the choice between a reasonable peace and a continuance of the war until they are forced to accept the terms offered them by victorious foes. Moreover, the choice of the German government must soon be made, for according to credible reports from Europe the statements of the president and the premier have brought close to a crisis the political dissension in the Fatherland and have served to unmask the pan-Germans, who demand, with threats, that the Kaiser shall align himself with them for a "strong peace." The socialists stand as firmly as ever for a democratic peace, and if Wilhelm sides against them, he and the Prussian militarists will have before them the impossible task of making good with decisive military victories over the armed forces of Great Britain, France and the United States. If they fail, as all they must, it is easy to predict a sweeping revolution in Germany, but between now and that event must intervene a long period of bloody fighting. The pan-Germans have no idea of yielding tamely, especially if they are supported by the emperor, which seems likely.

In the main Mr. Wilson's address coincided with that of Mr. Lloyd George so far as the essentials of peace are concerned. He was a little more insistent on some points, a little less on others; and he spoke more at length about Russia, expressing the deep sympathy of America for the struggling people of that country and encouraging the bolsheviki to stand firm against the terms of German conquest.

All through the program set forth by the president, runs, as he said, the principle of justice to all peoples and all nationalities, and their right to live on equal terms of liberty and safety with one another, whether they be strong or weak.

Just one of the peace essentials as stated by Mr. Wilson met with some criticism in the United States, and that from certain Republican leaders. This was the section calling for the "establishment of an equality of trade conditions among all the nations consenting to the peace and associating themselves for its maintenance." If that means the elimination of all tariffs, a world free trade, say the Republican statesmen, they cannot assent to it. All who were quoted concerning the message declared it most timely, for they believe with the president that the moral climax of the war has come.

The German press generally condemns President Wilson's peace aims as it did those of Lloyd George, most of the papers calling his program utterly impossible, especially as regards Alsace-Lorraine, the internal affairs of Austria-Hungary and the partition of Turkey.

**Peace Conference Resumed.**

Apparently backing water, the Russian delegates, headed by Trotsky himself, returned to Brest-Litovsk on Tuesday and resumed the peace negotiations with the central powers. Before departing from Petrograd the bolsheviki foreign minister expressed his deep suspicion of the motives of the entente allies, declaring they wanted Germany to make an advantageous separate peace with Russia so Germany would be more willing to surrender what the allies want in the west. Incidentally, Trotsky repeated the story that 25,000 German troops in

the Korno district had deserted because they were about to be moved to the west front.

M. Radek, one of the Russian delegates, asserted Monday that the Russians were strengthening the front and would send home every soldier who was not willing to fight. He asserted they wanted no help from the allies or America because their strength lay in their weakness; that the country for many miles was destitute, and that while the Germans could drive them back it would do them no good and they would not want to have millions of starving people on their hands becoming more desperate daily. The city is full of crime, disorder and dirt, and the people have little food and coal. Very severe winter weather is adding to the distress there.

**Break-Up of Russia Continues.**

The bolsheviki seem content, for the present, to permit the breaking up of Russia into separate nationalities. A kind of a truce has been patched up with the Ukrainians, and the many other new "governments" apparently are not molested. Lithuania is the latest to declare itself independent. Finland is well on the way to independence, having been recognized by Germany, Sweden and France, and its representatives being well received by other governments.

The Cossacks of the south were having a harder time; official dispatches from Petrograd reporting that they had been defeated and put to flight by the bolsheviki forces.

The Bulgarian parliament was informed by Premier Radoslavoff that a peace compact had been formed between Bulgaria and Russia, with the consent of the other central powers. On the other hand, the bolsheviki government rejected the separate peace proposals made by Turkey, asking the latter to participate in the general conference.

Col. William B. Thompson, who commanded the American Red Cross mission to Russia, has just returned to this country and has much good to say of the bolsheviki government. He is convinced its leaders are honest and sincere and not in the pay of the Germans, and he believes the movement they have set on foot may result in a world peace.

**Fighting of the Week.**

A number of attacks in force and continuous activity of the artillery marked the week along the west front, but there was no great battle and no serious attempt to break through the lines by either side. The sector selected by the German high command for the expected big offensive was not revealed, but the belief grows that it will be in Belgium and that the main objective of the Kaiser will be the capture of Calais. Possession of this port of course, would be of inestimable value to Germany, both in the submarine campaign and in threatening England with direct attack, as well as in interrupting the short route between England and France.

In Italy the weather and possibly shortage of ammunition brought almost to a standstill the attempts of the Austro-Germans to break through into the Venetian plains. Heavy snows fell in the Alps and threatened to shut off communication between the Trentino and the fighting line, and the weather was stormy all the way from the mountains to the Adriatic.

Vice Admiral Sims reported the torpedoing of the American steamship Harry Luckenbach, nine members of the crew being missing. The British admiralty announced that the hospital ship Rewa was torpedoed and sunk in the Bristol channel. She was full of wounded soldiers, but all of them were safely landed, though three Lancashire crew were lost. This new brutal crime of the Germans afforded the London Times opportunity for mild criticism of President Wilson's high idealism, the paper asking: "Is any peace thinkable with the authors and supporters of a system by which such crimes are coldly sanctioned as legitimate acts of war?"

The Rewa was displaying all the lights and markings required by The Hague convention and was not within the so-called barred zone, but such facts no longer mean anything to the Germans. If indeed they ever did.

**Baker Defends Himself.**

The investigation of war preparations by the senate committee reached the stage on Thursday where the presence of Secretary Baker was required.

The newspaper adds that the premier's abandonment of the attempt to interfere in Germany's internal affairs is gratifying and that his demand that the states which have been overrun in the course of the war be restored to complete independence will not call forth contradiction.

Referring to Alsace-Lorraine, the newspaper says the inhabitants of these districts are not foreign or alien peoples within the German state.

"If the natives of the German colonies are to be protected from exploitation by capitalists, why not also those of the British colonies?" It asks. "It would be underestimating the good sense of the British workmen if one assumed that these contradictions escaped their discernment."

**Shows Work of Censor.**

This obvious incomplete synopsis, which bears the marks of having been censored carefully, is the first indication to reach the outside world of the attitude of the German socialists toward Mr. Lloyd George's outline of war aims.

His continuance in the cabinet position he holds has been the object of attack, both in the committee and in the country generally, and with full knowledge of that fact he appeared with a long and detailed statement of the war department's doings that served as an elaborate defense of it and of himself as its head. Summing up the department's chief accomplishments, Mr. Baker said a large army is in the field and in training, enlisted and selected without serious dislocation of the country's industries; its subsistence is above criticism, its clothing supply is now substantially complete; arms of the most modern kind have been provided by manufacture or purchased for the soldiers in France and will be available for every man who can be got to France in 1918; a substantial army is already on French soil and ready for active service, and lines of communication and supply and vast storage and other facilities are in process of construction there; great programs for the manufacture of additional equipment and new instruments of war have been formulated.

The American army now in the field or in training, Mr. Baker said, numbered nearly a million and a half, and he added: "No army of similar size in the history of the world has ever been raised, equipped or trained so quickly. No such provision has ever been made for the comfort, health and general well-being of an army."

The secretary did not undertake to deny that weak places in the department's organization had been discovered, but maintained that the reorganization of bureaus and the creation of the war council had brought strength and efficiency. "We can now see the entire situation," he said. "The initial rush needs are substantially supplied. The technical corps have been expanded and reorganized upon industrial and efficient lines."

Despite Mr. Baker's defense, the sentiment in congress for a separate cabinet department of munitions seems to be growing stronger and the Republican members set a day to consider the adoption of a resolution favoring such action.

**Problems of Labor and Fuel.**

Secretary of Labor Wilson asserts there is an ample supply of labor in the country, but the problem is one of proper adjustment. Therefore the government has set in motion the machinery for the mobilization and distribution of an army of about 3,000,000 workers for agriculture, shipbuilding and war contract plants. A network of interrelated labor exchanges will be established to recruit workers and transfer them from one section to another according to the demands. John B. Densmore of Montana was selected to be national director of this service.

More insistent and more immediately painful than the labor problem is the matter of fuel. The coal shortage, blamed by some authorities on the selfish greed of the operators, became so pronounced last week, especially in the east, that many industries were forced to close their doors and many more went on part time.

In the house of representatives there was sharp criticism of the federal fuel administration, and one congressman declared that if the government could not control prices it should take over the mines. Fuel Administrator Garfield on Thursday announced the appointment of Mark L. Requa of Oakland, Cal., to take charge of the oil industry of the country, and it was understood the government would take over the control of fuel oil as it has of coal. Distribution of the oil will come first and later the question of price regulation will be taken up. One most desirable result of this move will be to assure the navy an adequate supply of oil, which is the fuel of most of the recently built vessels.

If the women of America win the right to vote, as seems probable, the suffragists will have to thank the man whom they have scolded, abused and picketed for a long time. The Susan B. Anthony amendment was approved by the house Thursday by only the bare two-thirds majority required, and it is fair to assume that it would not have carried if President Wilson had not given it hearty and unexpected endorsement. Fifteen Southern Democrats who voted against national suffrage two years ago voted for it this time. Of the 274 votes in favor of the amendment, 185 were cast by Republicans. The resolution now goes to the senate, where the cause must gain several converts to carry it through.

## Back Lane and Arky?

There's little peace when your kidneys are weak and while at first there may be nothing more serious than dull backache, sharp, stabbing pains, headache, dizzy spells and kidney irregularities, you must act quickly to avoid the more serious trouble, dropsy, gravel, heart disease, Bright's disease, etc. Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that is so warmly recommended everywhere by grateful users.

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### PATENTS

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### PAID BACK SCULPTOR'S KISS

How Madame Severine Restored to August Rodin Carress He Had Purloined From Her.

The Parisian papers continue to publish episodes in the life of the great sculptor, Auguste Rodin. Two years ago Rodin met Madame Severine, famous as an eloquent speaker, of whom in former times he had made a bust.

"Severine," he said, "I have heard you speak many times, and you have always delighted me. You are the angel of eloquence. When I die I wish you, in the name of women, to pronounce some words at my tomb."

The other day, on the slope of Val-Fleury, after a number had spoken over the coffin that held the body of "The Thinker," Madame Severine fulfilled the desire of the master.

When she had completed her address she took a rose, kissed it and laid it on the burial place.

She then went back into the crowd. Some one asked what sentiment had inspired this last act.

And then she related this to two or three friends who were near her:

Twenty-five years ago Rodin invited her to pose in his atelier. He began the bust of Severine. She was an artist and restrained the ardor of his advances. At the first session he was respectful. At the second he was less so. At the third he ceased to be so. Severine left and never came back. The bust remained unfinished.

In time he was pardoned and after twenty-five years, in placing on his grave this rose that had blossomed on her lips, she came to return to the sculptor the kiss that she had received from him.

### Deserved It.

"Jones smashed into the ditch with that little second-hand car he's been bragging about."

"Serves him right. He's always trying to drive bargains."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Don't think that every sad-eyed woman has loved and lost. Perhaps she loved and got him.

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D. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

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GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 24



United in the  
Service of our  
Country.

## Snow and Winter Weather in Texas.

Camp McArthur, Jan. 13, 1918.

Mr. Editor:—As to-day is Sunday and we must not leave our Battery street, I'll try and write you a few lines in the spare time.

They have cut the batteries in this Regiment down to 129 men, the other men they transferred were put in the 125th Infantry. We turned in our horses some time ago, as this Regiment is going to have motor trucks.

We have not been doing much drilling, they keep us busy at something all the time. We go on a hike every morning.

Last Thursday night we were turned out by the fire call about 9:30, the wind was blowing to beat sixty and it was raining and hailing before morning, there was about 2 inches of snow on the ground. When we woke up in the morning we found snow in our tent and some on our bed. I thought that we would never see snow in the south. We see snow just the same, if we are not back in Michigan.

I saw in the paper where the boys at Camp Custer got the start of us, they got a four day furlough for Christmas that is more than we got.

It is almost impossible to get water as all the pipes are frozen. Our hob nail shoes are frozen to the floor mostly every morning.

Must close as it is getting near supper time.

Yours Truly,  
Leo Jorgenson,  
Bat. F. 119th F. A.,  
Waco, Texas.

## Boy Scouts to be Official Messengers of the Committee on Public Information.

President Wilson has sent the following letter to Mr. Colin H. Livingstone, President, National Council, Boy Scouts of America:

My Dear Mr. Livingstone:

"I desire to entrust the Boy Scouts of America with a new and important commission, to make them the Government's dispatch bearers in carrying to the homes of their community the pamphlets on the war, prepared by the Committee on Public Information. The excellent services performed by the Boy Scouts in the past encourages me to believe that this new task will be cheerfully and faithfully discharged.

"Yours sincerely,  
"Woodrow Wilson."

## INSURANCE

It is more  
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Will not PREVENT the fire but it will give you a mighty thankful feeling after the flames have cleaned you out.

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## CLOSER KINSHIP IS THE NEW IDEAL IN AMERICAN INDUSTRY

Harmony Between Men and Management Recognized as a Desirable Factory Asset.

## IS NOW AN INVENTORY ITEM

Modern Manufacturer Cultivates Good-Will of Workers—His Interest No Longer Confined to Conversion of Raw Material Into Finished Product.

No established business can operate efficiently without inventory. The inventory tells the story of whether the business is successful or otherwise. You put almost everything you have in an inventory, and the value that you think the article bears in relation to your business.

But there are many things which go into the composite body of inventory beside personal property. There is the question of good will. There is the item of the contentment of employees. There is the question of the relation of employer to employee. There is the item of the health hygiene of artisans. And there is the final item, which is always eloquent, of whether or not the men who work are better citizens in the community in which they live.

The time has come and gone when manufacturers are exclusively interested in converting raw into finished product. The time has come when employers must be interested in the quality of manhood of the men who work.

Industrial conservation means the preservation and protection of the lives, liberties and rights of men in industry as much as it does the protection of the economic agencies of manufacture. It spells industrial integrity. The age of ruthless competition is relegated to the past. The interests of employees and employers are not necessarily identical, but they are mutual. If the humblest employee in any industry is not interested in the success of the concern for which he works he should be eliminated. If the executive of any large industrial concern is not interested in the humblest toiler the executive should be eliminated.

## The Meaning of Co-operation.

The new idea in industry is a closer kinship and deeper appreciation of the necessity for mutuality and co-operation. Co-operation means not merely the physical co-ordination of industry; it means the spirit with which the labor is performed. Co-operation is not a question of wage or hours of labor; it is an agency for the betterment of employees, stockholders and officers. If an industrial concern cannot manufacture good will, it ought to go out of business.

Industrial conservation means mobilizing industrial forces, both internal and external. It means protegee and ward, not in the tariff sense of that word, but in the sense of establishing an industrial Rook of Gibraltar against the international trade conditions which will follow on the termination of the European war. The vast economic changes to follow the European conflagration cannot be worked out by a group of men. The test of democracy depends upon the contribution of everybody interested in the maintenance of democracy, independent of political, sectional or racial considerations.

Just as sometimes industrial plants are reorganized, so now American industry is undergoing a process of reorganization. It is no longer an age of the brutality of competition, but of skill in bringing about co-ordination.

Business now means making better men and better conditions for labor, more highly specialized vocational training, and a non-provincial outlook and realization that the eventual greatness of American industry cannot be measured in terms of dollars and cents, but in terms of the manhood of the men who constitute the fibre interwoven in our scheme of democracy.

## Welfare of Worker Considered.

Measures designed to reduce the cost of accidents in industry, the high cost of safety apparatus for workmen, the study of fatigue and its consequences on the operative, the development of the individual efficiency of workmen, the problem of sickness insurance, either through voluntary or involuntary plans; the study of the economic factors involved in a shorter working day, the standardization of cost systems—these and dozens of other problems are all part and parcel of industry today.—*Industrial Conservation, New York.*

## LET YOUR ENTHUSIASM HELP YOU WITH YOUR WORK

Increase Your Personal Power by Putting Your Soul Into Your Job.

Enthusiasm is the dynamics of your personality. Without it, whatever abilities you may possess lie dormant, and it is safe to say that nearly every man has more latent power than he has ever learned to use. You may have knowledge, sound judgment, good reasoning facilities, but no one—not even yourself—will know it until you discover how to put your heart into thought and action.—*Industrial Conservation, New York.*

## Bad Habits.

Those who breakfast at eight o'clock or later, lunch at twelve and have dinner at six are almost certain to be troubled with indigestion. They do not allow time for one meal to digest before taking another. Not less than five hours should elapse between meals. If you are troubled with indigestion correct your habits and take Chamberlain's Tablets, and you may reasonably hope for a quick recovery. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere.

## GOOD LIVERS IN HARD LUCK

Their Supply of Table Delicacies Has Been Largely Curtailed, and Even Wiped Out.

In these later years of strict enforcement of very strict game laws, the bon vivants and epicures at city hotel and restaurant tables, who once could buy the toothsome delights of field, forest and stream unmolested and unafraid, are finding hard lines. It is no longer possible even to conceal the feathered wards of a state's care under any alias, when deputy wardens can, and do, raid refrigerators in cafes. We have fallen upon evil days for bon vivants and epicures who, disdaining the little furred creatures the laws leave more open to slaughter, have fallen back upon the frog as the best thing to be had.

It is hardly more than a generation since frog legs were looked upon askance among us. After we had tried them and found them good we vied with the French as ultimate consumers. Since the delicate parts of the frog have been the only game left us the demand has greatly increased, but the frog's fecundity has kept pace with and even outrun it, and bon vivants and epicures have not been as those mourning without hope. But comes now the representative in the New York legislature of the Oneida county district, proposing to restrict the ways of catching and killing frogs to spearing, angling, catching with hands or killing with gun or club. The introducer of the bill sets out that, in order to meet the growing demand of the market, the pot hunters set snares which are cruel in method. He, like the lawmakers of other states, has no sympathy with or understanding of the appetites of city bon vivants and epicures, who know what they want when they want it.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

## Horse Not Speedy.

A certain cricket club in England engaged a new groundsman. About the same time they sought a new horse to pull the roller. A day or two later the groundsman approached the club secretary looking anxious.

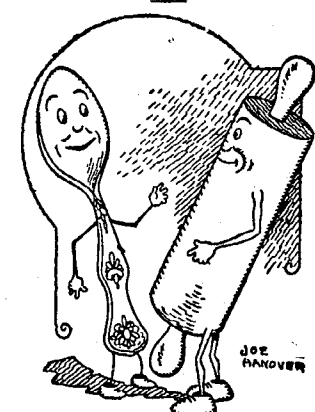
"I want to know," he said, "who will be responsible if the 'oss 'appens to meet with an accident?"

"You certainly would be responsible," said the puzzled secretary. "The animal is in your charge."

"Then I give notice," said the groundsman, firmly; "the brute hasn't speed enough to get out of the way of a roller, and one day I shall run him down and flatten him out. It's too risky."

The club is now advertising for another horse.

## COOKING UTENSILS



Sugar Spoon—I'm one of those golden spoons that get born in people's mouths.

Rolling Pin—You haven't got anything on me in the wealth line. I'm rolling in dough all the time.

## Mrs. Rachel Raphael.

Robert Henri, the noted New York portrait painter, had just exposed a bogus Titoretto.

"Really," he said, "the ignorance on both sides that is shown in most of these bogus deals—the ignorance on the buyer's part and the ignorance on the seller's—reminds me of a story."

"A Third Avenue second-hand man tried to sell a chap a picture that he said was a genuine Raphael."

"But," said the prospect, "this signature doesn't look like Raphael. It looks more like Rachel to me."

"It is Rachel," said the dealer. "There's a secret connected with that. You see, when Raphael painted that picture he was in pretty low water, so for safety, he put it in the wife's name."

## Language of the Eyes.

Independent of their color, the eyes are a telltale language to those who are observant. The brilliant, sparkling eye, generally dark, drawn upward enough to show something of the white, makes the student think of unchecked feelings and willful disregard of the usually fine mind which accompanies them. Full, dark eyes of this sort delight in action and are seldom content to live a reflective, contemplative life. Big dark eyes mean love, devotion, action, animation, ambition and often great impulsiveness and impetuosity. The darker the eyes, the greater the quantity of these qualities, the lighter the eyes the less of such qualities.

## Beyond That Stage.

The agent marched up the front steps and rang the doorbell briskly. "Good morning," he said, bowing politely to the maid who answered his ring. "Is the lady of the house engaged?"

"Not now," responded the new maid brightly. "She used to be, but she got married more than a year ago."

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

## How Prevent Croup.

In a child that is subject to attacks of croup, the first indication of the disease is hoarseness. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse, and the attack may be warded off and all danger and anxiety avoided.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

## The Scrap Book

## "For He Had Great Riches."

We were waiting for a car the other morning, when a young man of our acquaintance drove along in his high-powered auto and picked us up. It happens that this young man is extremely wealthy in his own right, unmarried, well favored and widely known.

We expressed our appreciation of a swift and pleasant ride to our daily labors, giving voice to the wish that we had a car of our own.

"Oh, I don't know," he said, wearily. "I get tired of driving this big machine and of the wish I could ride down on the street car."

"Well, there's nothing to prevent your using the street car, is there?" we demanded.

"Yes, there is," he answered; and explained thus: "I am naturally polite and deferential to ladies. I couldn't sit comfortably in a car if there was a woman standing up. And if I got up and gave a woman my seat, she'd sue me for breach of promise."

And he sighed again. Truly, riches are but vanity!

## The Prehistoric Pessimist.

Frank Scott of Cleveland, head of the new war industries board, said of pessimism, in a discussion of the last British victory in Flanders:

"Pessimism is as old as the eternal hills. You say that this victory was very costly. I reply that your pessimistic view reminds me of the Babylonian farmer."

"A farmer on the outskirts of Babylon was a confirmed pessimist. His nephew from the city visited him one August day.

"Uncle," said the nephew, pointing to the rich, heavy and golden fields of grain that spread as far as the eye could reach—"uncle, you are fortunate this year. You can't grumble about crops this season, eh?"

"No," whined the prehistoric pessimist, "but a crop like this is terrible wearin' on the soil."

## Put Them in Water.

During the holiday a party of young girls and men went for a jaunt into the country. They came back laden with wild flowers. Every girl had her hat trimmed with them and every boy had a bunch in his cap.

As they neared home one woman remarked that all the flowers were dead except the bunch on the cap of one youth, who was a bit too conceited to be popular.

"Of course, mine are alive," said this young man. "Look whose head they are on!"

"Oh, ay!" retorted the woman, "I always thought ye had water on the brain!"

## My Dream Boat.

The boat of my dreams I launched away in the strength of youth's desire, On the sea of the years.

With its laughter and tears  
And the storms that the fates conspire.  
The boat of my dreams, with a wish for a sail.

And never a thought of a shoal,  
With hope at the helm,  
And the beautiful realm  
Of happiness for my goal.

I launched away on a sea unknown,  
And the soft breeze filled my sail;  
The years flew by  
'Neath a cloudless sky.

And I scorned the rising gale,  
But, alas! the fierce winds rent my sail,  
And my dream boat went astray;  
Or my wish beret?

There's nothing left  
But a prayer at the end of the day.  
—Bernard Hamblin in the Christian Herald.

## Like One of These Queens.

"You say the lady is in distress? She is very easy to look at—what is her name?"

"Well, she was Miss Jennie Jones before she married Jasper Jenkins."

"Ah, so she is Mrs. Jasper."

"No, you see his stage name is Harold De Vivier."

"Then she is called Mrs. Harold De V—"

"No. He was her first husband. Her latest is Bill Brown, whose name on the billboards is Washington Whitesole. But her professional name is Aloha Pazzazza."

## Trifling Commission.

"I don't had to go out collectin' fols de missionary society," explained the old colored woman who was wanted for some housework, according to Harris Dickson.

"But I have work for you to do, and you need all the money you can get. What do you get paid for collectin'?" asked Mrs. Dickson.

"I don't get paid," said Mandy. "I only gets what I collections."—*Christian Register.*

## Italy's Gold.

Nearly 1,000 pounds of gold has been donated to the Italian treasury department during the last four months in the form of ornaments, old coins and family jewelry and among the pieces is the golden crown of Prince Amedeo, the father of the Duke of Abruzzi. Good thing to get rid of it now, for it looks as if are long crowns wouldn't be worth 30 cents each.—*Albany Journal.*

## Came 13,000 Miles to School.

So keen was the desire of A. Winkler Prinz, a Dutch boy, to attend the Carnegie Technical school in Pittsburgh, Pa., that he took up two months of his time to get there. The lad came thirteen thousand miles from his home at Batavia, Java. He is enrolled in the engineering department. His trip was somewhat delayed by war conditions.

## The Habit of Taking Cold.

With many people taking cold is a habit, but fortunately one that is easily broken. Take a cold sponge bath every morning when you first get out of bed—not ice cold, but a temperature of about 90 degrees F. Also sleep with your window up. Do this and you will seldom take cold. When you do take cold take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and get rid of it as quickly as possible. Obtainable everywhere.

## Stockings

All Kinds, from the Finest Silk  
Lisle to Lumbermen's Heavy Socks

It is seldom that you will find a stock of Stockings quite so complete as that we have on hand at the present time. We have taken into consideration the wide variety of needs of the patrons that comes to our store.



## LADIES

You will find here just the grade of hosiery you may require for every day wear and also for afternoon and dress occasions. Our handsome line of silk hose in a large assortment of colors is specially attractive.

We also have fine lisle Hose in various styles and colors.

## MEN

For fine hosiery for men we can boast of as nice a line as you were ever offered in Grayling. Nice variety of shades.

For heavier wear we have fine Cotton and Wool Hose, Lumbermen's Socks, etc.

## Rubbers, Shoes and Sheep Lined Shoes

## SALLING, HANSON CO.

Established 1878

Business Hours—8:00 a. m. to 5:00 p. m. Saturday  
8:00 a. m. to 5:00 p. m.

## THOSE EARLY GAMES



"You don't mean to say that you saved the lives of those freezing men by mental treatment?"

"Yes, indeed. We persuaded them that they were watching one of the early season's ball games."

## A Garden Story.

The summer's city garden veterans were discussing their success. After an exceedingly improbable story, a quiet man remarked: "Boys were playing ball next to my garden and one batted the ball over the fence. One of the felders, without even asking leave, rushed in and, picking it up, as he thought, flung it into the field, and a minute later he disappeared, laughing fit to split."

"What's up?" says I. "You got your ball, didn't you?"

"Not I," he says, "twer one o' your big gooseberries I picked up by mistake."

Then there was silence.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

## WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

AN ORGAN for sale. Good as new, used but a short time. At half price \$80.00. Inquire of Frank Alexander, State street. 1-24-1

FOR SALE—New milch cow. Inquire or phone F. H. Mills, Grayling. 1-24-2

COMPETENT woman wishes work, general housework, or will care for the sick. Leave word with Mrs. J. E. Matthews. 1-17-1

COMFORTABLE room for rent. Gentleman preferred. Inquire of Mrs. Harry Hum, Michigan avenue.

FOR SALE—80 acres, eighty rods south of DuPont plant. Address L. J. Miller, Route 2, Sandusky, Mich.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the poison from the blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

## WHY YOU SHOULD Eat More Bread

Because Ten cents worth of flour contains 17 times as much energy as the same amount of eggs. 15 times as much as steak. 6 times as much as pork. 3 times as much as rice. 2½ times as much as potatoes. Twice as much as beans.

The above figures are from government tests of the relative food values of the different articles of diet.

## Our Bread is Perfect Bread

Every process of its manufacture has been reduced to an exact science. When you eat our bread you KNOW you are getting the MOST and the BEST for your money.

Model Bakery THOS. CASSIDY, Proprietor  
THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY



## EVERYTHING FOR THE BOUDOIR

In addition to a complete line of the purest drugs, we carry in stock Brushes, Combs, Manicure Sets.

The Purest Cold Creams and the Finest Soaps.

A hundred and one Dainty Things for milady's dressing table

Call and see for yourself

Business Hours—12 to 9 p. m. Saturdays 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

### A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist

Phone 18

## Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 24

Get your tires and tubes at Burke's garage.

Don't miss the feature dance at the J. Hop Friday night.

The Frank Dreese store is busy these days taking the annual inventory.

Francis McDermid spent a few days at his home in Frederic returning Sunday night.

Miss Mary Cassidy will entertain as her guest over the J. Hop, Miss Jerri Lanky of Bay City.

Miss Arvey Tetu is the new clerk at the Frank Dreese store, commencing her duties last Saturday.

The ladies of the W. R. C. will install officers Friday night, Jan. 25. All members are requested to be present.

Avalanche \$1.50 per year in advance. With daily (except Sunday) Detroit Journal \$4.00 per year. Can you beat it? This is for January only.

Miss Anna Boeson arrived the latter part of the week from Muncie, Indiana, and is again assisting in the clerking duties at the Salling, Hanson Co. store.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Sodaquist's son and daughter of Bay City came to be in attendance at the funeral of the former's brother Oscar Sodaquist Wednesday morning.

Thomas Cassidy was in Saginaw, Wednesday and Thursday of last week attending a Bakers' convention. A fine banquet was enjoyed by all present at the Bancroft hotel that city.

The L. O. O. F. will give a benefit dance for the Red Cross of Crawford county in the near future. Watch for announcement of date and particulars in the next issue of the Avalanche.

Moraine Sparkes was brought home from Big Rapids Monday and is at home with his mother. He has been suffering with pneumonia since Jan. 2nd, the day after he had returned to his school duties at the Ferris Institute.

The Village and Township clerks will be at the Town hall next Saturday night, January 26, between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock for the purpose of collecting dog tax for the township and village. It is the duty of every dog owner to secure his dog license before Feb. 1.

The annual Junior party will be held Friday, Jan. 25th in the school gymnasium at 8:30. Music will be furnished by Fisher's college orchestra of Ann Arbor. During the evening punch will be served and confetti distributed. Lunch will be served at twelve o'clock.

The campaign to sell a million or more ambleage books, containing free passes for the soldiers to all entertainments in the army cantonments and national guard camps, will begin January 28, throughout the country. Purchasers send the books to the soldiers either by name or camps for general distribution. Each pass bears the countersignature of the Secretary of War.

**WE GUARANTEE Optical Accuracy**

Accuracy in Examination  
Accuracy in Fitting  
Accuracy in Adjusting

Accuracy is our watchword and the keynote to our constantly growing business.

**C. J. HATHAWAY**

Optometrist Phone 1272 Jeweler

Registered under Michigan's Optometry Law by Examination

See Geo. L. Alexander & Son before purchasing automobile insurance.

A baby daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Staudacher of DuPont avenue Monday.

Miss Marie Lovely came home from Lansing yesterday morning on account of her mother being ill.

Miss Sybil McCargo of Bay City will be the guest of the Misses Bessie and Helen Brown over the Junior Hop.

Forget your troubles by dancing and drinking tea in the Japanese tea garden, the evening of the 25th.

There will be no meeting of the Parents-Teachers' association this month on account of the scarcity of fuel.

A telegram received by Reuben S. Babbitt, Monday from his son Donald, stated "arrived safely." The message was from "somewhere in France."

Earl McMahon returned Friday of last week from a several weeks' visit with relatives in Detroit and St. Thomas, Ontario. He has resumed his old position at the local express office.

Miss Clea Smith of West Branch, who is employed in the trainmaster's office in this city, spent a few days at her home in West Branch, before her brother, George Smith left to enlist in the army.

Mr. and Mrs. William Avritt and little son of Flint were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Maxwell over last Sunday. They returned home Monday, stopping in Bay City for a short visit with relatives.

Our offer of the Avalanche and Detroit Journal—daily except Sunday—both for one year for \$4.00, has taken like wild fire. This is surely a bargain. This offer is for January only. Of course this is for cash in advance.

Justice George Mahon was taken to Mercy hospital Saturday afternoon of last week suffering a severe attack of Grip. His condition for the first few days was critical and of much concern to his friends. His physician reports that he is out of danger and getting along nicely at present.

Frank Congdon of Roscommon, who is in circuit court Monday was sentenced to serve 20 days in jail, besides having to pay a fine of \$50, for having violated the local option law, slipped out of the Roscommon county jail that night and has not been seen since. Before departing he left a note to the sheriff saying he might be back the next day and if not, would write later.

The Alpena Woolen mills at Alpena are now running with a fair sized force of employees and are turning out government blankets of exceptional quality. The plant is now turning out over fifty blankets per day, and has a force of twelve girls and five men at work. Five looms are in operation, with two more ready to start. Three more looms will be added at once, making 10 in all, as the company has orders from the government sufficient to keep it running until August 1918. The first shipment of 500 blankets will go forward this month.

A. M. Lewis wishes to state to his patrons that his Drug store will be open for business during the following hours: 12 noon to 9 p. m.; Saturdays, 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. and Sundays, 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. These hours are to comply with orders of the federal and state fuel administrations. Patrons are requested to kindly endeavor to arrange their shopping hours to comply with these regulations, and only in critical cases should it be requested that his store be opened during any other hours, so that Mr. Lewis like other merchants, may conform to the orders of the fuel administrations, with patriotic fidelity.

Mrs. Abraham Joseph was hostess at a knitting party at Shoppensgon's Inn Tuesday afternoon. There was a large number of ladies present and from the buzz heard from all sides of the room it was evident that everyone was enjoying visiting while the needles clicked. At 4:30 o'clock the guests were invited to the dining room, where small tables each, decorated with a candle with a red shade was the only light until everyone was seated, when the electricity was turned on. During the lunch as well as during the afternoon selections were played on the Victrola. Mrs. Joseph was a very pleasing hostess and the ladies enjoyed the afternoon very much.

Mrs. Otto Roemer is visiting friends in Bay City.

A baby son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Anthony of this city Monday.

The Ladies aid will meet Friday afternoon Feb. 1st with Mrs. Robt. Robinson.

Little Willie is ready to "do his bit" if somebody will declare a soapless day.

Basket ball Saturday night. Grayling vs. Bay City Western. This is sure to be a big game.

Round Oak heating stoves and Round Oak Chief ranges. 11-1-tf F. R. Deekrow.

Mrs. J. C. Burton is in the southern part of the state, having been called away by the death of a relative.

Miss Mollie Johnson of Saginaw came Monday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Hendrickson of the South side are the proud parents of a baby girl born one day last week.

Mrs. Fred Ayers of Detroit, a former resident of this place, was in Grayling on business Wednesday and incidentally calling on old friends.

There will be no services in the Danish-Lutheran church next Sunday on account of the absence of Rev. Kjolhede, who will be in Grant, Mich.

Fire destroyed a small building at the DuPont early last Friday morning. It was the Barking drum department, where the bark is removed from the tag alder.

Martin Nelson of Lewiston, is ill at the home of his sister, Mrs. Hans Petersen. Mr. Nelson suffered a stroke of paralysis and was soon after brot here for medical attention. He is getting along nicely at present.

The lecture that was scheduled for last Monday evening at Danebod hall, was cancelled on account of Rev. Rodholm, who was to have lectured before the Young People's society, being detained at his home in Manistee.

Lorne J. Douglas of Saginaw visited his wife here over Sunday. Mrs. Douglas, who formerly was Miss Bessie Failing, has been quite ill at the home of her mother, Mrs. John C. Failing, since the holidays. Her friends will be glad to know she is getting along nicely now.

The several local and Johannesburg lumber companies are holding their annual meetings here in Grayling this week. The stockholders from out of the city present are O. S. Hawes, F. C. Burden, H. W. Kanouse, Frank and Axel Michelson, all of Detroit, E. J. Cornwall of Saginaw and Wilhelm Raas of Johannesburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Glen C. Penard arrived in the city last Friday from Flint for a few days' visit, and during their stay here Mr. Penard purchased the interest of Sam Kestenholtz in the Hotel Burton barber shop, and has already taken possession. Mr. Kestenholtz on account of ill-health has been unable to take charge of his business, for some time. Mr. Penard is well known in Grayling, having worked at the Walter Cowell barber shop at different times.

Under the auspices of the Missionary society of the M. E. church a musical program will be given on Wednesday evening, January 30 in the "Danebod," timed to commence at 7:30 o'clock. An orchestra under the leadership of Mr. Ben Hardquist will render selections during the evening. Songs will be sung, a luncheon will be served; a sale of needle work will be held; and a good social time is anticipated. Concert and luncheon 25 cents. Don't miss this.

A progressive card party was given by the ladies of the Red Cross last week Thursday evening. There was a large crowd present and "500" and pedro were enjoyed. Mrs. Claude R. Keyport and L. J. Kraus won prizes in "500," and Mrs. William Cody and Stephan Karpus in pedro. Coffee and fried cakes were served. The Chapter received about \$22.00 from the affair, which amount will, of course, be used to good account. The party was in charge of Mrs. Allyn Kidston and Mrs. Otto Roemer, who were assisted by several others.

Mrs. Albert Weisenhoefer, formerly Miss Kathryn Smith, arrived last Saturday from Waco, Texas. She had been in Oklahoma and later at Waco, Texas, where her husband, Captain Weisenhoefer was an instructor in grenade work. Mrs. Weisenhoefer left Waco, Tuesday, and was accompanied as far as Chicago by some friends, wives of other officers, who have been in Waco during their husband's stay there. Capt. Weisenhoefer is back with his company in the 125th infantry, and on his way to France. His wife will make her home with her mother Mrs. James Smith for the present.

The men's class of the M. E. church, under leadership of Prof. Otterbein, was formally organized last Sunday. The following officers were duly elected: President, Ben Hardquist; vice president, Arthur Maxwell; secretary-treasurer, Carlton Mielstrup. A committee was appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws. It was decided that for the next year the class devote its time to the study of psychology. One year from now they will begin a systematic study of the bible, and after that the subject of sociology will be studied. The class has an enrollment of 24 men of various ages and walks in life. The interest and attendance is increasing steadily, under Mr. Otterbein's leadership. He says that his class is for those who are anxious to learn and progress, and all such are welcome at all times. Others are welcome to come but that they will find nothing there to interest them.

Bad news was received yesterday by Adelbert Taylor, of the death of his brother, Marco Taylor, who was killed Tuesday morning in the railroad yards at Toledo, where he held the position of trainmaster. Mr. Taylor will be remembered here, having been employed on the railroad here several years ago, at which time he was section foreman for many years. The remains will be brought to this city tomorrow morning for burial.

Mrs. Alice Felt of Reed City, sister of Mrs. Sarah Corwin of Roscommon, passed away yesterday morning at the home of her nephew, Nelson Corwin. Mrs. Felt with her daughter, Effie came here last October, after the death of her husband, to remain for the winter, and since that time has been ill from a complication of diseases. Brief services will be held at the home of Nelson Corwin this evening, and the remains will be taken to Reed City for burial tomorrow morning.

The Du Pont plant was ordered to close for one week, beginning last Friday. Orders went out to the workmen accordingly. The following day Supt. Morfit received a message that the plant was to resume operations at once and to continue so. Several of the men had already left the city in anticipation of a vacation, thus the plant was left short of a full crew. Everything is normal again the work is progressing as usual.

### Basket Ball.

Bay City western, former Valley champions will play Grayling High school, Northern Michigan champions at the High school gymnasium Saturday, Jan. 26, 1918.

Bay City western were the Valley champions last year and have equally as good a team for 1917-18.

Grayling is the undisputed champion of Northern Michigan and are not going out of their class by taking on the fast Bay City westerns.

Preliminaries—Second all city and Second high school. First game at 8:00 p. m. and second game at 9:00 p. m. Prices 15 and 25c.

Come out and see a fast game and also help meet the expenses by your patronage. We need 250 spectators. Get some "pep" and fall in line.

Thanks Grayling People for Fine Sweaters.

Fort Sill, Oklahoma, January, 13 1918.

Mrs. G. Jorgenson, Grayling, Mich.

Dear Mrs. Jorgenson;

I want to extend to you and thru you, to the other good people of Grayling, who remembered the boys at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, my sincere thanks for the good looking and useful sweaters. These sweaters came in mighty handy, and aside from the pleasure they afforded, it helps a whole lot to know that the women, old and young, have got the good old American spirit. Thanking you and the good people of Grayling once more for the fine showing made in this collection, and wishing you the best of health, till the end.

I remain with Respect,  
Sergeant Herman Bellm,  
Supply Co., 14th F. A. U. S.  
Regular Army,  
Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

Mrs. Jorgenson is 80 years of age, and as may be inferred from the above letter, is knitting for the sold. iers. She has contributed many articles in sweaters, socks, mufflers and helmets and is still busy with her needles. She is thoroughly appreciative of the courteous note received from the men of Fort Sill.

### A Soldier's Appreciation.

Camp Custer, Mich. Dec. 19, 1917.

Mrs. Kathrine Fischer, Grayling, Mich.

Dear Madam:

Was presented with a pair of socks (white) knitted by you, and have seen a good deal of knitting but none as nice as yours. I realize what a long and tedious job it must be to knit a pair of socks, they will be well taken care of as I prize them and I have no one to knit for me.

Have now been in the army about six months, was forwarded here from New York and was in the theatrical business before going to the army.

Hoping to hear if you get my letter. I am most gratefully,  
Sergt. Frank Rakestraw.

Mrs. Fischer is another of our devoted knitters. She holds the honors, as far as we have heard, of being the oldest knitter in Crawford county, being 88 years of age. The above letter is a fine compliment to her workmanship. All together Mrs. Fischer has knitted forty pairs of socks for the soldiers.

Woman's Benefit Association Install Officers.

Installation of officers, Thursday, January 17, 1918. Three new names were taken in.

Mrs. Abbie Diggins, assistant district deputy, who is starting a review at West Branch was a visitor.

Mrs. Emma Salt, District deputy, installed the following officers:  
Com.—Mrs. Ada Borchers.  
Lieut. Com.—Mrs. Rose Christenson.  
Past Com.—Mrs. Sarah Robinson.  
Record Keeper—Mrs. Altha Heric.  
Fin. Auditor—Miss Belle Maxson.  
Chaplain—Mrs. Rose Balhoff.  
Lady at arms—Mrs. Lela Kidston.  
Sergeant—Mrs. Hazel Kestenholtz.  
Sentinel—Miss Hazel Robinson.  
Picket—Mrs. Apolonia Ekenfels.  
Musicians—Mrs. Anna Kidd.  
Capt. of guards—Mrs. Anna Petersen.

Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.

Services are held in the "Danebod" every Sunday. Morning service at 10:30 o'clock. Evening at 7:00 o'clock.

# IMPORTANT NOTICE

Our store opens at 10 a. m. and closes at 7 p. m., excepting on Saturdays when we will be open from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

We have an unusual large line of

Men's Work Gloves  
and Mittens  
Flannel Shirts  
Underwear  
Shoes and Rubbers

at prices you can save money on

## Grayling Mercantile Co.

Phone 1251

The Quality Store

### Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Oscar Sodaquist passed away at Mercy hospital Monday morning at 2:30 o'clock, from pneumonia. He was taken ill last Tuesday.

Mr. Sodaquist was for the past year steward of the Moose club and very popular among the members of that order. He always had the interests of the club at heart and looked after his duties with utmost fidelity. The members say that altho he was strict in preserving order in the club, he had a most agreeable manner in keeping things pleasant and harmonious. He was greatly liked by all and they feel that the order has lost a most loyal and highly respected member.

The body was removed Monday night to the lodge rooms, where it lay until Wednesday forenoon, at 8:30 o'clock when funeral services were held by Rev. Mitchell of the M. E. church, together with the regular burial service of the Loyal Order of Moose, of which order the deceased had been a member. Interment was at Elmwood cemetery.

There were about seventy members of the Moose order in attendance at the funeral in a body, besides others. The casket was banked with flowers.

Oscar Sodaquist was born in Sweden October 18, 1874. He came to America in 1896, and located in Bay City with his brother, Theodore. He came to Grayling in 1916, and for the past year was steward at the Moose club.

Relatives in attendance at the funeral were Theodore of Bay City, a well known conductor on the Michigan central railroad, and Charles of Otego Lake, both brothers of the deceased.

### Card of Thanks.

We earnestly extend our appreciation to the many friends of our brother, Oscar Sodaquist especially to the members of Grayling Lodge 1162, L. O. O. M., all of whom gave kindly aid and cheer during his illness, and also for their kindly acts and large contributions of flowers after his death.

THEODORE SODAQUIST,  
CHARLES SODAQUIST,  
LOUIS SODAQUIST,

### COMING

S. G. SEARIGHT, OPTOMETRIST.

Will again be at McClain's hotel, to test eyes and fit glasses, on or about Feb. 5th. Will remain one week.

**All Rips Sewed Free of Charge**

With orders for Half Soles

The largest and finest selection of

Shoe Lacings  
Polishes and  
Dressings...  
of any store in Grayling.

Also ARCH SUPPORTS and HEEL CUSHIONS.

**Rapid Shoe Repair Shop**

E. J. OLSON, Prop'r.  
Next Door to Central Drug Store

## DAYS OF ECONOMY

Economy is the Key Note these days and this store is trying to conduce out transactions accordingly.

After full consideration we decided that the best is the cheapest and the family that plan their purchases with that in view will find that in the long run it is more saving to buy good hardware.

At the same time the better qualities cost but little more than the cheap, short-lived variety.

## SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

Furniture

Floor Covering

# "25"

## Sorenson Bros.

For twenty-five years we have been steadily building a bigger and better business.

Undertaking

Picture Framing

## LILY WHITE

The Flour the Best Cooks Use

FOR SALE IN SINGLE SACKS TO BARREL LOTS

**M. A. ATKINSON, Grocer**

Phone 313, South Side

Prompt delivery to any part of the city



**MURINE** Granulated Eyelids,  
Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by  
Dust, Dust and Wind quickly  
relieved by Murine. Try it in  
your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes.  
No Smarting, Just Easy Comfort.

**Murine Eye Remedy** At Your Druggist's or by  
Mail. Small Glass Tubes, 10¢ each. Murine  
Eye Salve, in Tubes 5¢. For Soak of the Eyes,  
**Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.**



**Save Your Cash and Your Health**

**CASCARA QUININE**

The standard remedy for 30 years in the treatment of malaria, fever, and all other ailments. It is a powerful tonic and a reliable purgative. It is the only medicine that can be taken with food and without any harm to the system. It is the only medicine that can be taken with food and without any harm to the system.

At Any Drug Store

# The KITCHEN CABINET

Just yielding yourself to service true, Just helping men to get their lawful due, Just sacrificing self for other's good, Donating something to the brotherhood. Ah! that's the way to give.

A. J. H. Larkmore.

## SEASONABLE DISHES.

Pecans, peanuts or mixed nuts of various sorts, if browned in a very little oil or butter, then sprinkled with mixed spices, make a nice relish.

**Lumber Camp Pea Soup.**—Wash and soak over night a pint of dried green peas. Put a pound of salt pork on to cook with the peas, with three quarts of water and one minced onion. Simmer until the peas are tender, about six or seven hours. If put into a fireless cooker, use two quarts of water, set on a hot radiator and cook over night. Rub the peas through a colander, add seasonings of summer savory, sage, salt and pepper. Thicken with two tablespoonfuls of flour mixed with a little cold milk; boil five minutes and serve.

The pork may be scored into half-inch pieces, browned and served with mustard.

**Sausage Loaf.**—Take one and one-half pounds of sausage, one and one-fourth cups of stale bread crumbs, and one egg. Slightly moisten the stale crumbs, beat the egg, combine the two and add the sausage meat, which should be well seasoned. Form into a loaf, dust with dried crumbs and bake three-quarters of an hour.

**Ox-Tail Soup.**—Slice one onion and fry in a tablespoonful of drippings. Wash and dry the joints of ox-tail, but then into the pan with the onion and brown on all sides. Turn the contents of the frying pan into the soup kettle, add a sliced carrot, two stalks of celery, cut fine; parsley, cayenne, salt and pepper to taste, and cover with cold water. Simmer slowly until meat is ready to fall from the bones. Add a cupful of strained tomato and serve.

**Tartif Pudding.**—Soak a cupful of pearl tapioca over night, well covered with water. In the morning drain and add two cupfuls of light brown sugar and cook in water in the oven three or four hours. Serve cold with cream, flavored with vanilla.

A cupful of ginger ale may be thickened with gelatin and chopped fruit added, making a most dainty salad.

Believe me, the talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well, whatever you do, without a thought of fame.—Longfellow.

## A STAIN REMOVER.

In every kitchen one of the handiest and most useful lists is one giving directions for removing spots and stains.

There is no more obstinate and annoying stain to remove than a cream stain which has been allowed to be overlooked. Boiling in a strong soap solution and drying in good sunshine will probably remove the worst stains that simple rubbing with soap will not remove. A little turpentine or kerosene rubbed on the spots before boiling will help to soften the fat. The best method to use in dealing with a fresh cream stain is to use soap and cold water on it; the hot water fixes the fat in the fiber of the linen and makes a most difficult stain to remove.

Fruit stains of various kinds of long standing may be removed by sulphur fumes if the use of peroxide and sunlight fail to be effective. The peroxide which we buy commercially is not so strong that it needs to be washed out, but if fresh from the chemical laboratory it should be carefully washed and rinsed out or it rots the fiber of the cloth. The same is true of sulphur fumes. Place a little sulphur in a dish, light it, cover with a funnel and place the spot over the small end of the funnel where the fumes will strike it, changing as often as the spot fades, to another one. Then carefully wash the garment or linen, to remove the sulphur.

Ink stains, if fresh and on white cloth, are best put to soak in sour milk, repeating the process until the stain is gone.

Acid stains should be sponged carefully with ammonia in water, one tablespoonful to six of cold water.

Alkalal stains are treated with an acid solution, lemon juice or vinegar.

Fresh stains are treated with an acid solution, lemon juice or vinegar.

Fresh fruit stains, like those from berries, may be removed by pouring boiling water from a height through the cloth stretched over a bowl; then wash as usual.

Turpentine will dissolve paint. Apply and rub well, then wash in soap-suds.

For vaseline stains soak in kerosene before washing in soap and water. If goods are unwashable clean with chloroform. A small bottle of chloroform is most helpful to keep on hand for small spots on silk, ribbons and lingerie waists. Salts of lemon moist-

ened with water and used on rust stains, if placed in bright sunshine will remove such stains of long standing.

For blood spots, if fresh and on woollen garments, rub well with dry starch, which soaks up the blood, and when brushed after it is dry will take out every stain.

Molasses, or lard, rubbed into grass stains before washing, will remove them.

Red cloud of the sunset, tell it abroad; I am victor. Greet me, O Sun, I dominant master and absolute lord. Over the soul of one!

—Kipling.

**DISHES OF CONDENSED MILK.**

A can of condensed milk is not only a friend in need, but, with a little water added to it, the things produced are lighter, often, and more tender than when fresh milk is used.

**Corn Bread.**—Take three-fourths of a cupful of cornmeal, one and one-fourth cupfuls of flour, four tablespoonfuls of sugar, four tablespoonfuls of baking powder, one egg, a teaspoonful of salt, one cupful of water, one tablespoonful of condensed milk and one tablespoonful of drippings or other sweet fat. Mix the milk and water, add egg, well-beaten, the dry ingredients and, last, the melted fat. Beat well and bake in a well-greased shallow pan.

The powdered milk may also be used in these recipes, in the proportion of one teaspoonful to a cupful of water.

**Dainty Muffins.**—Take a third of a cupful of shortening, one tablespoonful of sugar, one egg, one cupful of water and a teaspoonful of powdered milk. Two cupfuls of barley flour and four teaspoonfuls of baking powder, with a half-teaspoonful of salt. Mix gradually with the water, beat well and drop by spoonfuls in well-buttered muffin pans. Bake twenty minutes in a hot oven.

If tea leaves are ground they will make twice the amount of tea.

**Hermits.**—Cream one-third of a cupful of shortening with two-thirds of a cupful of sugar, add two tablespoonfuls of water with a teaspoonful of condensed milk, one egg, one and three-fourths of a cupful of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and a third of a cupful of finely cut raisins. Cream the fat and sugar and cinnamon, clove, nutmeg and allspice, the raisins well floured, and mix with the remaining ingredients. Roll out and cut with a cookie cutter.

All that mankind has done, thought, gained or been, is lying in magic preservation in the pages of books.—Carlyle.

## CORNMEAL DISHES.

A most satisfactory breakfast food is a simple cornmeal mush. Cook for an hour or longer.

Where it is possible to get cornmeal with the whole of the corn ground by the old process, (not the kiln-dried corn) it will be found most satisfying.

The drawback to such meal is that it does not keep and so must be fresh.

**Spider Corn Cake.**—Take one and a half cupfuls of cornmeal, a half cupful of flour, a teaspoonful of soda, a half teaspoonful of salt and one egg. Mix thoroughly, then pour into a hot iron spider which has been well greased with two tablespoonfuls of shortening. Let stand on top of the stove for a few minutes until well cooked on the bottom, then place on the upper grate of the oven and finish baking.

**Corn Muffins.**—Take a cupful of cornmeal, a cupful of sweet milk, one-half cupful of flour, two eggs, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a half teaspoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of shortening. Beat the eggs separately, adding the yolks with the milk, then all the dry ingredients sifted and fold in the whites at the last. Bake in twelve well greased pans.

**Beef Scrapie.**—Take a shin of beef, a tablespoonful of thyme, one grated nutmeg, two gallons of water, a tablespoonful of summer savory, two tablespoonfuls of salt, a teaspoonful of pepper, or a few dashes of cayenne. Cook the meat, cut in bits, with the bones, covered with the cold water. When the meat is very tender and the water reduced to a gallon, remove the bones and add the herb seasonings. Take the marrow from the bones, add it to the meat and chop fine. Moisten the meat with enough cold water to pour, then add to the boiling hot broth slowly to keep it from lumping, cook for an hour, add salt and pepper and the meat, then pour into molds to cool. Cut in slices and fry in a little hot fat for breakfast.

The cornmeal which is made of the whole grain is equally as nourishing as wheat and when ground by the old water process it will cook and every grain stand up like grains of rice.

*Nellie Maxwell*

**First Woman Journalist.**

It is said that the first newspaper woman was an American, Mrs. Anne Royall, who was not only the first woman journalist, but the first woman to own and edit a newspaper. It is also curious that she is said to have originated the idea of "Interviews."

She was born in Maryland in 1789, but her first printing press on Capitol Hill in Washington, D. C., and published a small weekly, first called the Washington Patriot, and later the Huntress.

**Saved the Money.**

Junior Partner (law firm)—I was held up last night by a footpad and robbed of eighty dollars.

Senior Partner—Oh, that's all right. Just got it from him as a retaining fee. The cops have him.

# WAR MUST NOT BE CALLED DRAW

Germany Cannot Be Given Chance to Repeat Crime Against World.

## DANGEROUS MOMENT AHEAD

Americans Must Guard Against Day When Teutons, Beaten, Offer Peace on Basis of Status Quo Ante.

By J. FRANK DAVIS.

Perhaps the most dangerous moment for America in all this war will be the moment when Germany, admitting she cannot win, offers to make peace on the basis of the status quo ante—to go back to where things were before she set forth so blithely upon her great adventure.

Already her newspapers talk of such a peace. The reichstag "no annexations and no indemnities" resolution is a "feeler" for it. The war lords allow this talk to be made, although they have not officially sanctioned the proposition.

The day will come when they will, however, and that will be a dangerous day for America.

From what we see quoted from German newspapers it is quite clear that the people of Germany think they have only to offer to go back to where they were before the war to gain peace. When they say "no annexations and no indemnities" they mean no annexations by Germany and no indemnities to be collected by Germany, because it has not even entered the head of one man in ten in all Germany that they may be forced to make reparation.

Germany Still Deceived.

Also Germany does not understand that any mere promise on her part not to attack her neighbors will not be taken. The Germans as a whole still are deceived into thinking their rulers did not start the war. They do not appreciate that their promise not to offend again would be a worthless promise. They do not know that their nation is morally bankrupt; that the word of its overlords is no longer of the slightest value in the councils of civilization.

When they get ready to admit that they cannot win and to offer to return to the status quo they will expect their enemies to accept those terms—in effect a peace made in Germany. And we must be prepared for a considerable movement in the United States advocating the acceptance of such an offer.

The hyphenates and the pacifists and the cowards and all the other cowards will be for it. "What more is there that we should fight for?" they will shout. "Why should we take sides in any European quarrel over territory or indemnities? Let the Germans return Belgium and northern France and let the British and the Italians give back the former German colonies and the territory taken from Austria. And let us all get together—Germany to do her share, of course—and rebuild the towns in France and Belgium that have been destroyed. Let us be generous."

May Gain Following.

If only the traitors and the pacifists were for such a plan we should have no more to worry about than we now have to trouble us in the activities of I. W. W. and peace councils and disloyal propaganda. But they may gain an additional following among lack-brained folk who now are not with them.

We Americans are a sentimental people. We like to think about punishing criminals, but we seldom like to punish them. We will not repeal our laws against capital punishment, but we hate to convict under them.

The cry that will go up from all the German propagandists when the offer of a status quo peace is made will be a loud one, and thousands of Americans who are loyal enough at heart, but loose-thinking, may be attracted by it. Germany, in that hour, may be depended upon to use every tool at her command in this country to throw up dust, to obscure the issue, to influence Americans toward a peace that shall leave the world as much in peril as it was prior to August, 1914.

Would Be German Victory.

If they can get a great number of people in the United States to agree that Germany ought not to be put where she cannot repeat her crime against civilization, the war will have been in vain. If the Germans are able to cease fighting, unpunished, and go back home to prepare for the next war, with Mittel-Europa in their hands, it will have been a German victory, even though not such a victory as Germany expected when she began the conflict.

Nobody expects to annihilate Germany. Nobody wants to see her annihilated. Nobody wants to crush her, except as a military menace. But she must keep the peace hereafter, and to make sure that she does so her power to repeat her offense must be destroyed. And most important of all—Germany must have learned that the militaristic policy of their war lords does not pay.

Watch and guard against the day when Germany offers to call it a draw. It would be a black day for the world if America's influence were then to be thrown into the scale in favor of such a peace.

**Scouts Cut Up Big Trees.**

The attention of Herbert Hoover ought to be called to the work of boy scout Troop No. 25 of Des Moines. These scouts, under the direction of Scoutmaster M. H. Anderson, took three or four big trees which were cut down in that neighborhood, and cut them up into stove wood for needy families.

Saturday finds them hard at work with crosscut saws, buck saws and axes doing a neighborhood "good turn" and making the chips fly. They have cut about thirteen cords into stove lengths.

**MANY MERIT BADGE SCOUTS.**

The national court of honor of the Boy Scouts of America reports that last month there were 14 eagle badges issued and 27 life badges.

There were 23 star scout badges issued. There were issued 180 merit badges. For 1917 so far there have been issued 1,649 merit badges, as against 741 in 1916. The total number of boy scouts having received merit badges is now 9,537.

**GOOD TURNS BY SCOUTS.**

Drafted men who had failed to report were located by boy scouts in Brooklyn.

Scouts in Woodmere, N. Y., raised 400 barrels of potatoes, which were sold to the poorer class of the community at cost, the scouts supplying their labor free of charge.

# BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

## SCOUT TO BE PRESIDENT

I welcome any movement which will intensify a young man's attachment to his church and religion, says Dr. S. R. Gordon of Tulsa, Okla.

The boy scout movement only brings the boy in closer touch with the church. The government now wants men to go to the front and fight. It wants and needs good, clean, strong men.

At the close of this awful world conflict there will be greater need for good men than now. When this war is over, there will be confusion, dissatisfaction, unrest, anarchy, high taxes, high cost of living and demoralization. Sorrow, mourning and distress will prevail.

Under such conditions the nation will need strong, educated, religious men as leaders. And the boy scout movement is going to provide such leaders. The boy scouts are preparing themselves, not to fight, not to shed blood, but to be wise leaders, and to conduct the people out of the wilderness of greed, supremacy and worldliness, into the Canaan of peace, prosperity and happiness.

Some boy scout is going to be the president of the United States. Some scouts are going to be governors. Some will be senators and others will occupy high official positions of trust and honor.

So we want the boys to stick to their school and their church and thereby fit themselves to be men who will be qualified to rule wisely under the most trying circumstances.

**SCOUT PROGRAM IN WAR.**

Prof. Norman E. Richardson of Boston university tells the Boy Scouts of America that the war in European nations has resulted in a rapid increase of juvenile delinquency. Information that has been carefully secured goes to show that this increase in 17 of the larger cities and towns of Great Britain during one year averaged 34 per cent. The causes of this unfortunate condition are in many instances similar to forces that have already begun to operate in America. It is imperative that the American people take time by the forelock in this matter by setting in motion immediately influences that will counteract a number of injurious forces which will play upon the lives of our boys during the coming months and possibly years.

A careful study of the causes of increased delinquency and of the suitability of the Boy Scout program to reduce the harm coming from these influences presents a powerful argument for the immediate enlistment of thousands of America's best citizens as scoutmasters.

**NEWSBOYS TAKE UP SCOUTING.**

Newsboys of Houston, Tex., many of whom are "good scouts" already, are going to align themselves with the Boy Scouts of America.

Some of them have been thinking of the proposition for some time, and after the purposes, plans and benefits of the work of the boy scouts had been outlined to them in detail by the local scout executive, a large number of the boys enrolled for the work. The newsboys are enthusiastic over the opportunity to enter it.

The scout officials expressed the opinion that they have some excellent material to work upon, especially after they had seen the grit manifested by the boys in a number of boxing matches and wrestling bouts, which were put on for the entertainment of the guests.

**SCOUTS CUT UP BIG TREES.**

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Westchester county members of the American Red Cross were given a demonstration of stretchers and first aid work by the boy scouts of Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Cleaning the town of all its cans is the way an Oak Grove, La., troop did its duty to scouting.

A broken trolley wire that was hanging down over the street was discovered by a boy scout in Dixon, Ill., and he stood guard for a couple of hours warning people away from the danger until it was repaired.

A cow census was taken by boy scouts in Independence, Mo., in compliance with a new milk and dairy ordinance to secure a clean and safe supply of dairy products. The location and condition of every cow was listed.

# ALL MEN AT HOME SHOULD PREPARE FOR WAR

The first test a man is put thru for either war or life insurance is an examination of his water. This is most essential because the kidneys play a most important part in causing premature old age and death. The more injurious the poisons passing thru the kidneys the sooner comes decay—so says Dr. Pierce of Burleigh Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., who further advises all people who are past thirty to preserve the vitality of the kidneys and free the blood from poisonous elements, such as uric acid—drink plenty of water—sweat some daily and take Anuric, double strength, before meals.

This Anuric is a late discovery of Dr. Pierce and is put up in tablet form, and can be obtained for 60c at almost any drug store. For that backache, lumbago, rheumatism, "rusty" joints, swollen feet or hands, due to uric acid in the blood, Anuric quickly dissolves the uric acid as hot water does sugar. Take a little Anuric before meals and live to be a hundred. Send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce for trial package of Anuric.

**Japanese Language Taught.**

Instruction in the Japanese language in the university and high schools of New South Wales is now on the same basis as instruction in German and French. High-school pupils who desire to take a course in Japanese, and later pursue the study at the university with a view to taking a degree, must give four years in a high school and three years at the university to the subject. As many high-school pupils as desire may take Japanese. There is also a large class of about 75 drawn from business circles and other walks in life, which is now studying Japanese at the university, and the language is being taught at the military school. The increased trade between Japan and Australia has caused the average business man to realize the importance of these courses.

**Important to Mothers.**

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Man claims to be woman's intellectual superior, yet the records show few woman bigamists.

Administering the draft law cost the United States \$8,990,490.

# IT'S THE SAME EVERYWHERE

Corunna, Mich.—"I had been sick a long time, with kidney and bladder trouble. Had backache all the time. I did everything, but could not find any relief. One day I saw an advertisement of Anuric in the paper. I sent 10 cents to Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package. The sample did me so much good that I got more from the druggist. I can't begin to tell what Anuric has done for me. I will speak a good word for it, for I can't be too grateful."—MRS. JULIA MONTFORT, Corunna, Mich.

Pleasant Pellets for stomach, liver and bowels, are made up of the May-apple, aloe leaves and jalap. This well-known pellet was made up nearly fifty years ago, by Dr. Pierce, and can be obtained from almost any apothecary. Step into any good drug store and ask for Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.—Adv.

**Poor Swagger.**

"Yes," said Swagger, "this is a sap-hire in my ring."

"That's where you are wrong," said his friend. "That is called a saffire."

"No, sap-hire."

"Well, we'll go to a jeweler's and ask him to settle the argument."

Said Swagger to the jeweler: "I pronounce the name of the jewel in my ring 'sap-hire' and my friend pronounces it 'saffire.' Now, which of us is correct?"

"Neither," said the jeweler. "I would pronounce it glass."

**Modern Gallantry.**

Hook—I hear you are on the water wagon, old man.

Cook—I was, but I got off to give my seat to a lady.

**Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.**

Druggists refund money if PAIN EXTERMINATOR fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

New York will drop 52 teachers of German from grade schools.

**Watch Your Calves.**

At the first indication of scours or cholera give them *Dr. J. C. Fitch's* Calves' Cholera Remedy. Price 10c. For scours in cattle, horses and dogs. Used and recommended by thousands of dairymen and stock owners. Read the Practical Horse Veterinarian. Send for free booklet on Calves' Cholera. Write to Dr. J. C. Fitch, 100 Broad Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 3-1918.

**Your Liver Is the Best**

**Beaver Doctor**

A dull, yellow, lifeless skin, or pimples and eruptions, are twin brothers to constipation. Bile, nature's own laxative, is getting into your blood instead of passing out of your system as it should. This is the treatment, in successful use for 50 years—one pill daily (more only when necessary).

**Carter's Little Liver Pills**

**For Constipation**

Genius bears signature *Beaver Doctor* Put Your Right Over Night

**Pallid, Pale, Putty-Faced People Need Carter's Iron Pills**

# YOU NEED NOT SUFFER WITH BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haarlum Oil has been a standard household remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach trouble, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs. The kidneys and bladder are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which enter your system through the blood and stomach are not entirely thrown out by the kidneys and bladder you are doomed.

Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, headache, pain in loins, and lower abdomen, gallstones, gravel, difficulty when urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, all warn you to look after your kidneys and bladder. GOLD MEDAL Haarlum Oil Capsules are what you need.

They are not a "patent medicine" nor a "new discovery." For 200 years they have been a standard household remedy.

They are the pure, original imported Haarlum Oil your great-grandmother used, and are perfectly harmless. The healing, soothing oil soaks into the cells and lining of the kidneys and through the bladder, driving out the poisonous germs. New life, fresh strength and health will come as you continue this treatment. When completely restored to your usual vigor, continue taking a capsule or two each day. They will keep you in condition and prevent a return of the disease.

Do not delay a minute. Delays are especially dangerous in kidney and bladder trouble. All reliable druggists sell GOLD MEDAL Haarlum Oil Capsules. They will refund the money if not as represented. In three sizes, sealed packages. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL. Accept no substitutes.

**160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE**

**Get under the Shower of Gold**

coming to farmers from the rich wheat fields of Western Canada. Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$30 per acre and raise from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre it's easy to make money. Canada offers in her provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

**160 Acre Homesteads Free to Settlers**

and other land at very low prices. Thousands of farmers from the U. S. or their sons are yearly taking advantage of this great opportunity. Wonderful yields also of 0-10, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. Good schools; markets convenient; climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

**M. V. MACINNIS**  
176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.  
Canadian Government Agent

# The Stomach Begins

digestion, but the most important work is done by the bowels, liver and kidneys. Failure of these to act efficiently allows the whole body to be poisoned.

BEECHAM'S PILLS do more than produce bowel movement. Liver, skin, and kidneys are influenced to more active effort with resulting increased effect. It is always safe to take

# Beecham's Pills

Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c, 25c. Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box.

**Not for Judson!**

A fond relative on departure gave Judson a nickel. His mother was trying to convince him that, especially during these times, if he were wise he would not want to go to the candy store, but would save his nickel.



## TUE. WED.

# Meatless Wheatless

### But Everyday Is Marigold Day

**NUT MARIGOLD**, a wholesome, nourishing spread for bread, biscuits or muffins. Saves you 20c on every pound. On wheatless day spread it on your graham gems, corn bread or bran muffins.

**The New Nut-Marigold**  
New Marigold creation. A wonderful coconut and vegetable oil product.

Buy a trial pound. Serve it on the table. Use it in your cooking. Purest materials only enter into the making of this great product. Used satisfactorily in place of butter. Note taste—superb flavor.

**MURRIS & COMPANY**  
CHICAGO



**HAMMOND, STANDISH & CO.**  
Distributors.

## THE TWO SWORDS

By Lewis F. Crawford, President State Board of Regents, North Dakota

("The Hymn of the German Sword" appeared in a German paper published in Leipzig, Germany, and has been widely copied in papers of other countries. A copy which came to the attention of Lewis F. Crawford, Sentinel Butte, N. D., president of the state board of regents, impressed him so strongly that he prepared "The American Sword," as a contrast to the spirit shown in "The German Sword.")

### HYMN OF THE GERMAN SWORD

It is no duty of mine to be either just or compassionate; it suffices that I am sanctified by my exalted mission, and that I blind the eyes of my enemies with such streams of tears as shall make the proudest of them cringe in terror under the vault of heaven.

I have slaughtered the old and the sorrowful; I have struck off the breasts of women; and I have run through the bodies of children who gazed at me with the eyes of the wounded lion.

Day after day I ride aloft on the shadowy horses in the Valley of Cypruses and as I ride I draw forth the life blood of every enemy's son that dares to dispute my path.

It is meet and right that I should cry aloud in my pride, for am I not the flaming messenger of the Lord Almighty?

Germany is so far above and beyond all the other nations that all the rest of the earth, be they who they may, should feel themselves well done by when they are allowed to fight with the dogs for the crumbs that fall from her table.

When Germany the divine is happy, then the rest of the world basks in smiles; but when Germany suffers, God in person is rent with anguish, and, wrathful and avenging, he turns all the waters into rivers of blood.

### THE AMERICAN SWORD

I am the American sword.

I have never been unsheathed except in the cause of justice and humanity.

I punish only under solemn and compelling obligation. In my presence national perfidy and dishonor never go unchallenged. I opened in generous trust to all nations the portals of American opportunity and gave equal rights to all in the inheritance created by the toil and blood of our ancestors.

In me everything that is good finds approval, everything mean meets rebuke.

My people are enticed to love me by the gentle persuasiveness of my life. I am the visual enchantment of the downtrodden and the oppressed; the emblem of national honor; the embodiment of the world's hope.

In me is linked the command of duty with the love of Calvary; it is mine to trace the hidden equities of divine reward and connect national wrong-doing with its swift retribution; under me fulfillment adds splendor to the gorgeous mosaic of our dreams.

O Kaiser! obsessed with power, drunk with passion, enemy of peace and right and freedom throughout the world, slayer of age and infancy, ravisher of virginity, spreader of contagion, fiend incarnate!

Against thee barren fields cry out in protest; venerated works of art and architecture, hallowed by the centuries, thou has crumbled under shells of frenzy; thou art wasting the flower of the world's manhood in red ruin spurred on by the grim reaper of Hate.

Thou international brigand, enslaver and robber of Belgium, looter of Serbia, betrayer of neutrals! thou art a pirate running mad on the pathless sweep of oceans, plundering and murdering on the world's highway.

Diplomatic intriguer, thou has faithfully broken age-old treaties, thou has torpedoed hospital ships, bombarded defenseless cities and unleashed liquid fire and poison gas—outlaw demons of destruction. In this epilepsy of the world's horror thou art not hewed with a sense of unfathomable guilt and sudden shame; thou, the arch gutter-sulper of civilization, art more unsparring than Torquemada, more cruel than Nero, more atrocious than Caligula, more crafty than Geronimo, thou hast loosed the hosts of ill upon a peaceful world and darkened the heavens with blasphemy.

Thou art chased by the maddening billows; the deeps in malice open to receive thee; athen faces turned toward flame-lit skies, appeal for vengeance. My presence gives courage to endure the appalling strain and omnipresent peril of battle.

I bestow superhuman nerve, sleepless caution, capacity for sacrifice, and the justice of my cause pales the hand of brutal might and insensate ambition.

I pity the victim, not the violator; the sorrows I bring wear no weeds of mourning.

I open a new era in history; I fire the human soul with new daring and new hope; I will survive this conflict and pronounce its sentence.

When the name of Kaiser shall have lost its stench and been covered with the dust of countless centuries, I shall still be glorified as the mainstay of democracy—the peacemaker of the world.

Patronize the Merchants that Advertise.

## JAPAN FIGHTING HARD IN WAR FOR WORLD MARKETS

Has Made Tremendous Strides in Manufacturing and Exporting Since 1914.

HER INDUSTRIES THRIVING

Has Captured Markets Held by Other Nations—Trade to Australia Quadrupled—Building 600,000 Tons of Shipping to Handle Export Expansion

In the past few years Japan has undergone a tremendous industrial development. The enormous progress made by her in manufacturing and exporting since the outbreak of the war is little realized in this country.

It is not fully recognized that Japan is gradually changing from an agricultural to an industrial country, and that in her new drive to win some of the foreign markets she has captured considerable of the business which was formerly held by this country. The great expansion of her foreign trade since 1914 is shown by the official returns of her trade in 1915.

Exports Far in Excess of Imports. During that year the total value of imports was 756,500,000 yen, being an increase of 224,000,000, while the exports for the same period amounted to 1,127,500,000 yen, showing an increase of about 419,000,000 yen. The actual excess of exports over imports for the year was 371,000,000 yen, as compared with 170,000,000 yen for 1915.

The changed position which has taken place since the beginning of the war may be seen from the fact that for the year 1914 there was actually an excess in the value of the imports over exports of about 4,500,000 yen.

Cotton manufacture is one of her principal industries, and the statistics show that the average number of spindles working daily in Japan in 1914 (the latest available year) was nearly 2,500,000. Wool manufacture was not carried on before the war to any great extent, but it has now received a considerable impetus, and Japanese factories are executing orders from the Russian Government.

The production of iron and steel—both in government and private works—has also been very considerable, the best iron ores being imported from China. Japan has some 600,000 tons of shipping now under construction and the industry is in a flourishing condition. Her merchant marine consists of 2,170 sailing ships of 1,704, 738 tons, and 9,187 steamers of 572,409 tons. Ocean-going steamers exceeding 1,000 tons number 448, with a total tonnage of 1,428,212 tons. Thirty-nine ocean-going steamers of 140,236 tons were launched from Japanese yards in 1915.

May Use American Machinery. It might be added that Japan is now investigating the possibility of using American cotton-spinning machinery in their mills. The extent of purchases already decided on is estimated at 200,000 spindles.

How her credit stands may be seen from the fact that her 4½ per cent. loan is quoted on the London Stock Exchange at 91½, yielding at that price, interest of nearly 6 per cent. Great Britain's 4½ per cent. loan is quoted at 92½, so we see how the relative positions of the two countries have changed since 1914. Before that time no one would have dreamed of comparing the two credits.

Already Japanese manufacturers have quadrupled their exports to Australia. Ships which in the past averaged a cargo of 450 tons now bring to Sydney 2,500 tons. The Japanese have captured a great deal of the trade once firmly held by American, British, German and French exporters. In the silk market they have won the premier position, and Australian shops are now filled to overflowing with cheap Japanese silks.

The following Japanese goods are now sold with great success in the Australian market: Glasses, scientific instruments, silks, Panama hats, cottons, toys, insulators, electric light apparatus, camphor, sulphur oil, matches, bakeware, rubber tires, bottles, porcelain.

Japan's rapid industrial and commercial strides will serve to intensify the formidable competition which the American manufacturer will have to meet both in domestic and foreign markets after the war. They afford another striking proof of the necessity for restoring friendly relations between capital and labor, securing law and order, and a better public attitude toward business so that American industry may be rid of its harassments and made strong for the trade fight after the restoration of peace.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

Feeling the Public Pulse. A lot of trade or chamber of commerce is a tender vital service to a community by aiding in the passage of legislation which tends to make the community prosperous. In that respect the organization acts as an 'independent' line to translate the needs and the desires of the people into laws that will encourage, rather than discourage business enterprise.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

Bad Habits. Those who breakfast at eight o'clock or later, lunch at twelve and have dinner at six are almost certain to be troubled with indigestion. They do not allow time for one meal to digest before taking another. Not less than five hours should elapse between meals. If you are troubled with indigestion correct your habits and take Chamberlain's Tablets, and you may reasonably hope for a quick recovery. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere.

## SEEKS THE PICTURESQUE

Claire McDowell, featured in the Red Feather Photoplay, "The Gates of Doom," is a lover of the picturesque in clothes, and she has just revealed the sources from which she draws her inspiration. "Portrait galleries, or if you live in a place which has none, books of good reproductions," she says, "are wonderful mines of ideas for distinctive clothes. It is a truism to say that there is nothing new under the sun; but as we watch the fashion changes from season to season, we cannot help seeing that nearly every so-called new idea is a repetition from some other dress period. At one time we are patronizing the silhouette of the First Empire; then taste changes to the crinolines of eighteen-sixty; then back it goes again to the hoopskirts of Louis XV. But each time the inspiration can be traced directly to some former epoch of clothes.



Claire McDowell.

"When the designers agree on one period in this way, then I go straight to the costume books of that time. If I happen to be in a place where there is a good gallery of the paintings of the old masters, I go there for ideas for my new fashions. Not every town is fortunate enough to have such a possession, but every town has a public library, and you have no idea what a fascinating time you can have, exploring the histories of costume, which it is almost sure to contain.

"Just now students of the dressing of just days are having a glorious time. Anything which is becoming may be called 'fashionable.' In this I saw in the same room a costume which was copied from a painting by Rembrandt, and another which was reminiscent of the Empress Josephine. The originals were centuries apart, yet their modern versions were worn in the same room and labeled '1917.' I don't think that the wearers were conscious of their involuntary plagiarism; they had simply bought what the designers had offered them.

Violet Mersereau wears boy's clothes half the time in her new Blue Bird photoplay, "The Boy-Girl."

Ella Hall's next Bluebird, "Polly Redhead," was shown at the Rialto Theatre, Broadway, New York.

MISS NEVA GERBER'S HOBBY

Neva Gerber, the pretty leading lady of the new serial, "The Voice on the Wire," is said to possess the most attractive dressing room at Universal City. The walls and ceiling are tinted pale blue, and the windows are hung with blue and white Japanese chintz. There are wicker chairs with chintz curtains and a handsome rug on the floor. The room contains many souvenirs from her admirers. On the walls hang some original paintings and sketches, the work of the donors, while her dresser is adorned by two statuettes in bronze. There is a Japanese table of black lacquer, which was presented to her by a naval officer, and it is a dainty tea service in blue and white china. On chilly afternoons the little actress often invites her fellow workers to an informal tea party.

What distinguishes the room even more than its pretty arrangement, is the fact that no matter how busy or how hurried Miss Gerber may be, she never allows it to be out of order. Everything is always daintily dusted, and all the various articles are in their places. For, of course, she never forgets that the room is primarily for use and not for beauty, and she knows that a good workman always keeps his tools in the pink of perfection.

TESTED AND PROVEN

There is a Heap of Solace in Being Able to Depend Upon a Well-Earned Reputation.

For months Grayling readers have seen the constant expression of praise for Doan's Kidney Pills, and read about the good work they have done in this locality. What other remedy ever produced such convincing proof of merit.

Ed G. Clark, band master Citizens Band, Cedar St., Grayling, says: "I have used Doan's kidney pills with good results. When my back has been weak or lame the kidney secretions have been irregular in passage I have used a box or so of Doan's Kidney Pills and they have never failed to cure me of the attack. I advise anyone to get Doan's Kidney Pills at Lewis Drug Store, if troubled with their kidneys."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ed. Clark had. Foster-Milburn Co; Mfgs; Buffalo, N. Y.

Business and Collections. Small Gordon is the son of a physician and is fond of being with his father when he types his monthly statements. Meeting him one morning on his way to the mail box with a handful of envelopes, a neighbor called to him: "How is business, Gordon?" To which he replied: "Business is good, but collections is poor."

## How Prevent Croup.

In a child that is subject attacks of croup, the first indication of the disease is hoarseness. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse and the attack may be warded off and all danger and anxiety avoided.

## PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the Village of Grayling, in said county, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John F. Hum, deceased.

Clyde Hum having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Allen B. Failing or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of February, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition;

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County.

OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.) OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate. 1-243

## Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the Village of Grayling, in said county, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Emma S. Hum, deceased.

Clyde Hum having filed in said court a petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Allen B. Failing or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of February, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition;

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate.

A true copy. OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate. 1-243

## Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling in said County, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph King, deceased.

Clyde King having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Edward King or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of February, A. D. 1918, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate.

A true copy. OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate. 1-243

## PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1918.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Koehn, deceased.

John Kuecht having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to George Kuecht or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of February, A. D. 1918, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County.

OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate. 1-243

## WALL PAPERING and DECORATING

The latest and most approved designs for wall covering. Also all kinds of house painting.

## EXPERT WORKMANSHIP

ORDERS PROMPTLY LOOKED AFTER

## Conrad Sorenson

Painter and Decorator  
Phone 611 Grayling

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

## State of Michigan.

The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, In Chancery.

Gertrude E. Ford, Plaintiff, vs. William H. Lingle and Nona F. Lingle, Defendants.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit court for the county of Crawford, in Chancery, made and entered on the 10th day of October, 1917, in the above entitled cause, I, the undersigned, being specially appointed as special circuit court commissioner of said county for this particular purpose, shall sell at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court house in the village of Grayling, in said county of Crawford, (that being the place where the circuit court for said county is held) on the 1st day of March, 1918, at 1:30 o'clock, p. m., all those certain lands and premises situate in the township of South Branch, Crawford county, Michigan, described as follows, to-wit:

The North Half of the Southeast quarter (N½ of SE¼) of section thirty-one (31), township twenty-five (25) north, range two (2) west.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1918.

John J. Niederer, Special Circuit Court Commissioner.

Hiram R. Smith, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Business Address: Roscommon, Mich. 1-17-7

## Notice.

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time with in six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the county in which the lands lie of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration of commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of land situated in Crawford county, state of Michigan.

The East half of the Northwest quarter of Sec 34, Town 28N, Range 1W. Amount paid \$7.95 tax for year 1913.

Amount necessary to redeem, \$20.90 to which must be added the fees of the sheriff. Yours respectfully,

Henry A. Bauman, Sheriff of said county.

Place of business: Grayling, Mich. Dated October 29, A. D. 1917.

To Samuel H. Crowl, James Davidson, Margaret Davidson and Ebenezer J. Wright. Grantees under the last recorded deed, in the regular chain of title, to said land.

John P. Phillips mortgagee, named in all undischarged recorded mortgages on said land.

Proof of failure of service. State of Michigan ss. I do hereby certify and return, that after making careful inquiry and search I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or postoffice address of Samuel H. Crowl, James Davidson, Margaret Davidson and Ebenezer J. Wright and John P. Phillips, or either or any of them.

Dated December 3rd, 1917.

W. H. Cony, Sheriff of said county.

12-27-5

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default having been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage dated the twenty-eighth day of August, A. D. 1916, by Cora Stephan of the Village of Grayling, County of Crawford and State of Michigan. Mortgagor unto Holger Hanson and Jane Hanson, of the same place, mortgages which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Crawford county, in Liber G. of Mortgages, on pages 194 and 195, on August 30th at 2 o'clock p. m.

And whereas said mortgage has been duly assigned to Oscar Palmer, by assignment bearing date of the 22nd day of February, A. D. 1917, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said County of Crawford, February 23d A. D. 1917 in Liber F. of mortgages on page 543, at 3 o'clock p. m., and the same is now owned by him.

And whereas the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is Ten hundred and fifty nine dollars and ten cents principal and interest and the further sum of twenty-five dollars as an attorney fee stipulated for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings having been instituted at law or in chancery to recover the debt now remaining unpaid, secured by said mortgage where by the power of said sale in said mortgage has become operative.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises herein described at public auction to the highest bidder there for at the front door of the court house, in the village of Grayling, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the circuit court for said county) on the ninth day of March, A. D. 1918 at 10:00 o'clock of said day, which said premises are described in said mortgage as the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter and the north half of the west containing sixty (60) acres of land. Saving two (2) acres more or less heretofore deeded to Daniel Mosher of the same place in Crawford County Michigan.

Dated December 11th 1917

Oscar Palmer Assignee of mortgage, Oscar Palmer Attorney for Assignee.

Business Address, Grayling Mich. 12-13-13

The Habit of Taking Cold.

With many people taking cold is a habit, but fortunately one that is easily broken. Take a cold sponge bath every morning when you first get out of bed—not ice cold, but a temperature of about 90 degrees F. Also sleep with your window up. Do this and you will seldom take cold. When you do take cold take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and get rid of it as quickly as possible. Obtainable everywhere.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Most Effective.

"I have taken a great many bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and every time it has cured me. I have found it most effective for a hacking cough and for colds. After taking it a cough always disappears." writes J. R. Moore, Lost Valley, Ga. Obtainable everywhere.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OINTMENT (COMPOUND)

For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Price 25c., at all druggists or mailed.

Send Free Sample of Ointment to

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Company 156 William Street, New York.

SICK STOCK

BOOK on treatment of Horses, Cows, Sheep, Dogs and other animals, sent free. Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Company, 156 W. 11th St., N. Y.

Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

In effect May 6th, 1916.

Read Down.

Read Up.

A. M. P. M. 7:00 12:25 12:55 1:15 1:40 2:05 2:30 2:55 3:15 3:40 4:05 4:30 4:55 5:15 5:40 6:05 6:30 6:55 7:15 7:40 8:05 8:30 8:55 9:15 9:40 10:05 10:30 10:55 11:15 11:40 12:05 12:30 12:55 1:15 1:40 2:05 2:30 2:55 3:15 3:40 4:05 4:30 4:55 5:15 5:40 6:05 6:30 6:55 7